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2010
ANNUAL REPORT

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

BOARD

Farooq Khan (Chairman & Managing Director)
Simon Cato (Director)
Azhar Chaudhri (Director)
Yagoob Khan (Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Victor Ho

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ASX CODE

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COMPANY PROFILE

Queste Communication Ltd is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) (under ASX Code: QUE). Queste has a controlling (48%) interest in Orion Equities Limited, an investment company (LIC) listed on ASX (ASX Code: OEQ).

Queste Dividend History

| Dividend Rate per share | Record Date | Payment Date | Franking |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0.25 cent per share | 19 September 2008 | 26 September 2008 | Fully Franked |
| 0.25 cent per share | 17 September 2007 | 21 September 2007 | Fully Franked |
| 0.5 cent per share | 8 March 2007 | 15 March 2007 | Fully Franked |
| 0.5 cent per share | 25 September 2006 | 29 September 2006 | Fully Franked |
| 0.5 cent per share | 31 March 2006 | 7 April 2006 | Fully Franked |

ABOUT ORION EQUITIES LIMITED (OEQ)

At 30 June 2010, OEQ had a market capitalisation of \$6.8 million (at \$0.38 per share), net assets of \$21 million (at \$1.135 after tax NTA backing per share), 17,814,389 fully paid ordinary shares on issue, and 694 shareholders on its share register (30 June 2009: \$7.7 million market capitalisation (at \$0.435 per share), net assets of \$20 million (at \$1.088 cents after tax NTA backing per share), 17,814,389 shares on issue, and 715 shareholders).

Orion Asset Weighting As At 30 June 2010

| | 0/ 531 1 5 |
|--|-----------------|
| | % of Net Assets |
| Australian equities | 75% |
| Agribusiness ¹ | 16% |
| Property held for development and resale | 10% |
| Net cash/other assets and provisions | (1%) |
| Total | 100% |

Orion Major Holdings In Securities Portfolio

| | | Fair | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------|------|---------------------------|
| | | Value | % of Net | ASX | |
| Security | | \$'million | Assets | Code | Industry Sector Exposures |
| 1. | Strike Resources Limited ² | 7.56 | 35.82% | SRK | Materials |
| 2. | Bentley Capital Limited | 4.62 | 21.88% | BEL | Diversified Financials |
| 3. | Alara Resources Limited | 0.81 | 3.85% | AUQ | Energy/Materials |
| TOTA | NL | 12.98 | 61.54% | | |

Agribusiness net assets include olive grove land, olive trees, water licence, buildings, plant and equipment and inventory (bulk and

Holdings in SRK includes listed shares and unlisted options (as disclosed in the Directors' Report)

THE BOARD'S REPORT

The Board is pleased to report a consolidated after tax net profit of \$171,533 for the financial year ended 30 June 2010. This compares with a consolidated after tax net loss of \$6,041,845 incurred in the previous financial year.

Queste's consolidated results incorporates the results of controlled entity, ASX listed investment company, Orion Equities Limited (Orion). Queste has a 48% shareholding interest in Orion (30 June 2009: 48%).

The Company has a history of paying dividends, as illustrated by the Dividend History table in the Company Profile section at page 1 of this Annual Report. However, the profitability of the Queste group has been affected by the recent global financial crisis (GFC) and this has impacted upon the ability of the Company to pay dividends.

With the effects of the GFC appearing to have slowed or possibly passed, the Board looks forward to a return to sustained profitability by the Company and the resumption of regular dividend payments. The payment of future dividends cannot be guaranteed and will be driven by the performance of the underlying assets of the Queste

An outline of the major assets of Orion is described below:

Strike Resources Limited (ASX Code: SRK)

The value of Orion's holding in Strike appreciated by \$1,167,447 during the course of the year. Historically, the share and option holdings in Strike were predominantly earned through the sale of various mining assets to Strike. These assets were acquired and funded to the point of sale to Strike at a cost of approximately \$1.25 million.

They were subsequently on sold to Strike in tranches for a total consideration of \$19 million comprising 11,166,667 Strike shares and 3.5 million unlisted Strike options (with exercise prices of \$0.25 and \$0.35 per option). Orion has also acquired 2,024,135 additional Strike shares on-market and via the conversion of options at \$0.20 each.

The value of Strike share and option holdings of \$7.56 million (based on a Strike share price of \$0.50 as at 30 June 2010) indicates the generation of significant value for the Queste group. The Company notes that Strike's closing share price as at 6 October 2010 was \$0.505.

Alara Resources Limited (ASX Code: AUQ)

The value of Orion's holding in Alara appreciated by \$307,981 during the course of the year. Historically, the share holding in Alara occurred through the sale of Orion's 25% interests in various uranium tenements to Alara in conjunction with Strike Resources Limited (who held the balance of 75% interest in the same). These assets were acquired and funded to the point of sale to Strike previously at a cost of approximately \$0.05 million. Orion's residual 25% interest was free-carried by Strike thereafter.

Orion's interests in these uranium tenements were subsequently on-sold to Alara for vendor shares in the initial public offering (IPO) of Alara for a consideration of \$1,562,500 comprising 6,250,000 Alara shares. Orion has also acquired 3,082,744 additional Alara shares via the Alara IPO, on-market purchases and via an in-specie distribution from Strike Resources Limited.

The value of Alara share holdings of \$0.8 million (based on an Alara share price of \$0.087 as at 30 June 2010) indicates the generation of significant value for the Queste group. Alara's closing share price as at 6 October 2010 was \$0.28, valuing Orion's shareholding at \$2.6 million (up \$1.8 million from 30 June 2010).

Bentley Capital Limited (ASX Code: BEL)

Bentley is an investment company listed on the ASX. Orion holds 28.488% and Queste holds 2.417% of the issued capital of Bentley (being a total of 30.9%) as at 30 June 2010.

Bentley has net assets of \$29.535 million (as at 30 June 2010) and returned an after tax net profit of \$3.102 million for the financial year. Bentley's asset weighting as at 30 June 2010 was 46% Australian equities and 54% net cash/ other assets.

THE BOARD'S REPORT

Queste and Orion have been in receipt of significant dividend payments from Bentley, having received three fully franked dividends of 1 cent each in the past 12 months. This represents a grossed up dividend yield of 15.8% based on Bentley's volume weighted average share price of \$0.271 during this same period.

Agribusiness Assets

These assets relate to Orion's 143 hectare commercial olive grove operations located in Gingin, Western Australia (approximately 100 kilometres North of Perth) producing olive oil from approximately 64,500, 11 year old olive tree plantings, together with the Dandaragan Estate Ultra Premium Olive Oil brand. The Dandaragan Estate Ultra premium brand was acquired to facilitate the transition of oil production from the grove from the wholesale market to the higher value retail market. Orion also has a one gigalitre per annum water licence for the olive grove. The 2010 harvesting season yielded ~400 tonnes of fruit from which ~81,000 litres of oils were extracted (2009: ~2,050 tonnes of fruit and ~272,000 litres of oils). The reduction in tonnes processed reflects the biennial cycle of growth and production from olive trees whereby trees exhibit alternating years of high and low bearing fruit.

Other Property Assets

This relates to Orion's property located in Mandurah, Western Australia. During the financial year Orion sought development approval for the subdivision of the property into 4 survey-strata title lots. This application was rejected by the Western Australian Planning Commission. Subsequently Orion undertook a sale process of the property by way of public auction, with such auction failing to attract any bids. Subsequent to the same Orion resolved to and is undertaking a renovation of this property for the rental market. Based on the foregoing and an independent valuation of the property, the asset was revalued down to \$1,500,000.

Other Assets

In addition to the investment in Orion, which is valued at \$3,252,088 (30 June 2009: \$3,679,995) and Bentley, which is valued at \$391,641, Queste holds cash of \$2,188,451 (30 June 2009: \$3,197,931) and investments in other listed securities of \$110,770.

During the year, Queste has undertaken investments in ASX listed securities, generating:

- \$Nil net realised losses (30 June 2009: \$4,005 loss); and (a)
- \$173,016 net unrealised losses (30 June 2009: \$22,914 loss). This relates predominantly to a (b) \$162,139 provision in the diminution in value of Queste's investment in Bentley Capital Limited from \$0.315 (at cost on acquisition) to \$0.225 as at 30 June 2010. The Board notes that this is substantially below the underlying value of Bentley as reflected by its after tax NTA backing of \$0.4102 as at 30 June 2010.

Queste will continue to look at undertaking investments in listed securities where appropriate to endeavour to achieve a return on investments beyond that afforded by the interest rates applicable on term deposits.

THE BOARD'S REPORT

Financial Performance

The Board has elected to report only consolidated financial statements as permitted under the recently enacted Corporate Reporting Reform Act 2010 (Cth). This has streamlined Queste's reporting obligations and over time, is anticipated to lead to a reduction in accounting and audit costs. An abridged set of financial data at the Company level is disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements (at page 29 of this Annual Report).

The major consolidated revenue and expense items are as follows:

| Item | Comments |
|--|---|
| \$2,572,398 net change in fair value in investments (2009: \$28,480,000 loss) | This relates predominantly to movements in Orion's share investment portfolio (comprising unrealised gains/losses and reversals of previous years' provisions for diminution in value of investments sold during the year). The major movements were in relation to \$1,475,428 unrealised gains from Strike Resources Limited (which appreciated in value by \$1,167,447) and Alara Resources Limited (which appreciated in value by \$307,981), \$179,100 realised gain on sale of \$564,000 attributable to Katana Capital Limited, \$885,250 reversal of previous years' provisions for diminution in value of investments sold (being \$564,000 attributable to Katana Capital Limited and \$321,250 attributable to Bell Financial Group Ltd). Orion's share investment portfolio are held as current assets. |
| \$874,850 share of Associate entity's profit (2009: \$2,283,013 loss); | This relates to Queste's 2.417% and Orion's 28.488% share of the net profit attributable to Associate entity, ASX listed investment company, Bentley Capital Limited. Bentley has net assets of \$29.535 million and returned an after tax net profit of \$3.102 million during the year. Bentley's asset weighting as at 30 June 2010 was 46% Australian equities (via an investment in the wholesale FSP Equities Leaders Fund) and 54% net cash/other assets. |
| \$1,200,987 income from sale of olive oils (2009: \$311,530); | This relates to Orion's bulk extra virgin olive oil sales and sales under the Dandaragan Estate Ultra Premium Olive Oil label. |
| \$1,023,130 olive grove and oils operations (which does not include revaluation and depreciation expenses) (June 2009: \$581,009); | This relates to Orion's commercial olive grove operations located in Gingin, Western Australia, and the Dandaragan Estate Olive Oil business. It is noted that due to the timing of the annual harvest in approximately March - April of each year, there is some carry-over of costs (and oil inventories) from one financial year to the next. |
| \$950,000 downwards impairment of property held for development and resale (2009: \$1,200,000); | This relates to Orion's property located in Mandurah, south of Perth, Western Australia, held for redevelopment and sale, which is recognised as Inventory. Orion is currently undertaking a renovation of this property for the rental market. |
| \$932,525 personnel expenses (2009: \$992,229); | This includes aggregate expenses associated with Queste and Orion. |
| \$873,554 loss on sale of investments (2009: \$432,017 gain); and | This relates predominantly to Orion's share investment portfolio. |
| \$327,580 downwards revaluation of trees (2009: \$188,500). | This relates to Orion's olive grove operations. The same independent qualified valuer assessed the grove land downwards by \$28,569 and the water licence for the grove upwards by \$261,562, which has been posted to Reserves and not to profit and loss. |

The Directors present their report on Queste Communications Ltd (Company or Queste) and its controlled entities (the Consolidated Entity) for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 (Balance Date).

Queste is a public company limited by shares that is incorporated and domiciled in Western Australia and has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since November 1998.

The Consolidated Entity's results incorporates the results of controlled entity, ASX listed investment company, Orion Equities Limited (Orion or OEQ). The Company has a 48% shareholding interest in Orion (30 June 2009: 48%).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was the management of its assets.

The principal activities of controlled entity, Orion, during the financial year were the management of its investments, including investments in listed and unlisted securities, real estate held for development and resale, an olive grove and the ultra premium 'Dandaragan Estate' Olive Oil operation.

OPERATING RESULTS

| CONSOLIDATED ENTITY | 2010 \$ | 2009 |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Total revenues Total expenses | 4,798,785 (4,743,171) | 17,998,105 (34,522,177) |
| Profit/(Loss) before tax | 55,614 | (16,524,072) |
| Income tax benefit | 694,440 | 4,090,940 |
| Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations | 750,054 | (12,433,132) |
| Profit from discontinued operations | - | 111,376 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | 750,054 | (12,321,756) |
| Net profit/(loss) attributable to non controlling interest | (578,521) | 6,279,911 |
| Profit/(Loss) after tax attributable to members of the Company | 171,533 | (6,041,845) |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents) | 2.51 | (41.33) |
| Diluted earnings per share (cents) | 1.55 | n/a |

At the Consolidated Entity level:

Total revenues of \$4,798,785 include:

- (1) \$2,572,398 net change in fair value in investments (2009: \$28,480,000 loss);
- (2)\$1,200,987 income from sale of olive oils (2009: \$311,530);
- (3)\$874,850 share of Associate entity's profit (2009: \$2,283,013 loss); and
- \$14,060 dividend income (2009: \$41,850). (4)

Total expenses of \$4,743,171 include:

- \$1,023,130 olive grove and oils operations (which does not include revaluation and depreciation expenses) (1) (June 2009: \$581,009);
- (2) \$950,000 downwards impairment of property held for development and resale (2009: \$1,200,000);
- \$932,525 personnel expenses (2009: \$992,229); (3)
- (4) \$873,554 loss on sale of investments (2009: \$432,017 gain); and
- (5) \$327,580 downwards revaluation of trees (2009: \$188,500).

EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

| CONSOLIDATED ENTITY | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|------------|------------|
| | | |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents) | 2.51 | (41.33) |
| Diluted earnings per share (cents) | 1.55 | n/a |
| Weighted average number of fully paid ordinary shares in the Company outstanding during the year used in the calculation of basic earnings per share | 29,927,379 | 29,914,495 |
| Weighted average number of fully paid ordinary shares in the Company outstanding during the year used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share | 48,404,879 | 48,404,879 |

The Company's 20,000,000 partly paid ordinary shares, to the extent that they have been paid (1.5225 cent per share), have been included in the determination of the basic earnings per share.

FINANCIAL POSITION

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| CONSOLIDATED ENTITY | \$ | \$ |
| | | |
| Cash | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |
| Current investments - equities | 8,629,841 | 7,925,039 |
| Investments - listed Associate entities | 7,835,522 | 6,851,980 |
| Inventory | 2,119,400 | 3,292,148 |
| Receivables | 211,577 | 130,396 |
| Intangibles | 884,683 | 623,121 |
| Deferred tax assets | 2,102,191 | 1,295,073 |
| Other assets | 2,169,180 | 2,644,451 |
| Total Assets | 26,538,375 | 26,202,296 |
| Tax liabilities (current and deferred) | (2,102,191) | (1,727,505) |
| Other payables and liabilities | (585,917) | (1,345,565) |
| Net Assets | 23,850,267 | 23,129,226 |
| Issued capital | 6,192,427 | 6,192,427 |
| Reserves | 2,431,707 | 2,445,645 |
| Non- controlling interests | 10,961,550 | 10,398,104 |
| Retained earnings | 4,264,583 | 4,093,050 |
| Total Equity | 23,850,267 | 23,129,226 |

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have not declared a dividend in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2010.

SECURITIES IN THE COMPANY

At Balance Date and the date of this report, the Company has the following securities on issue:

- 28,404,879 listed fully paid ordinary shares; and (i)
- (ii) 20,000,000 unlisted partly paid ordinary shares, each paid to 1.5225 cent with 18.4775 cents per partly paid ordinary share outstanding (or \$3,695,000 in total).

There were no securities issued or granted by the Company during or since the financial year.

The terms of issue of the partly paid shares are disclosed in the Prospectus for the initial public offering of shares in the Company dated 6 August 1998.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

1. **Orion Equities Limited (OEQ)**

Current Status of Investment in Orion

Orion Equities Limited is an ASX listed investment entity (ASX Code: OEQ).

The Company holds 8,558,127 shares in Orion, being 48.04% of its issued ordinary share capital (30 June 2009: 8,558,127 shares or 48.04%). Orion has been recognised as a controlled entity and included as part of the Queste Consolidated Entity's results since 1 July 2002.

Queste shareholders are advised to refer to the 30 June 2010 Directors' Report and financial statements and monthly NTA disclosures lodged by Orion for further information about the status and affairs of such company.

Information concerning Orion may be viewed from its website: www.orionequities.com.au

Orion's market announcements may also be viewed from the ASX website (www.asx.com.au) under ASX code "OEQ".

Sections 1.2 to 1.4 below contain information extracted from Orion's public statements.

1.2. Orion's Operating Results for year ended 30 June 2010

| ORION EQUITIES LIMITED Consolidated Entity | 2010 \$ | 2009 \$ |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Total revenues Total expenses Profit/(loss) before tax | 4,692,025 (4,273,059) 418,966 | 17,803,761 (33,990,552) (16,186,791) |
| Income tax benefit | 694,440 | 4,078,315 |
| Profit/(loss) from continuing operations | 1,113,406 | (12,108,476) |
| Profit from discontinued operations | - | 111,376 |
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of the Company | 1,113,406 | (11,997,100) |
| Basic and diluted earnings/(loss)cents per share | 6.25 | (67.34) |

| ORION EQUITIES LIMITED Consolidated Entity | 2010 \$ | 2009 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| j | <u> </u> | |
| Net tangible assets (before tax) | 20,211,658 | 19,821,261 |
| Pre-Tax NTA Backing per share | 1.135 | 1.113 |
| Less deferred tax assets and tax liabilities | <u> </u> | (432,433) |
| Net tangible assets (after tax) | 20,211,658 | 19,388,828 |
| Pre-Tax NTA Backing per share | 1.135 | 1.088 |
| Based on total issued share capital | 17,814,389 | 17,814,389 |

Orion's total revenues of \$4,692,025 include:

- (1) \$2,583,275 net change in fair value in securities (June 2009: \$nil);
- (2) \$1,200,987 income from olive grove operations (June 2009: \$311,530); and
- (3) \$890,284 share of Associate entity's profit (June 2009: \$2,283,013 loss)

Orion's total expenses of \$4,273,059 include:

- \$1,023,130 olive grove and oils operations (which does not include revaluation and depreciation expenses) (1) (June 2009: \$581,009);
- (2) \$950,000 downwards revaluation of property held for development and resale (June 2009: \$1,200,000);
- (3) \$887,317 loss on sale of securities (June 2009: \$436,018 gain); and
- (4) \$539,042 personnel costs (including Directors' fees) (June 2009: \$685,247).

1.3. Orion's Dividends

Orion has not declared a dividend in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2010.

1.4. Orion's Portfolio Details as at 30 June 2010

Asset Weighting

% of Net Assets 2010 2009 79% Australian equities 75% Agribusiness1 16% 13% Property held for development and resale 10% 16% Net tax liabilities (current year and deferred tax assets/liabilities) (9%) Net cash/other assets and provisions 1% (1%)**TOTAL** 100% 100%

Agribusiness net assets include olive grove land, olive trees, water licence, buildings, plant and equipment and inventory (bulk and packaged oils)

Major Holdings in Securities Portfolio

| Equi | ties | Fair Value \$'million | % of Net Assets | ASX Code | Industry Sector Exposures |
|------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 1. | Strike Resources Limited | 7.56 | 35.82% | SRK | Materials |
| 2. | Bentley Capital Limited | 4.62 | 21.88% | BEL | Diversified Financials |
| 3. | Alara Resources Limited | 0.81 | 3.85% | QUA | Energy/Materials |
| TOTA | AL | 12.99 | 61.54% | | |

Note: The investment in Strike Resources Limited comprises the following securities:

| | Fair Value \$'million | % of Net Assets | ASX Code | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| (a) 13,190,802 shares | 6.60 | 31% | SRK | _ |
| (b) 1,833,333 unlisted \$0.178 (9 Feb 2011) Options | 0.57 | 3% | Unlisted | Fair value is based on a Black-Scholes options valuation model applying the following assumptions: (i) SRK's share price being \$0.50 (the last bid price as at 30 June 2010). |
| (c) 1,666,667 unlisted \$0.278 (9 Feb 2011) Options | 0.39 | 2% | | (ii) A risk free rate of return of 4.91% (based on the Bank Bills 180 day market rate as at 30 June 2010).(iii) An estimated future volatility of SRK's share price of 80%. |
| Sub-total | 7.56 | 36% | | |

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Directors' Report or the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

In the opinion of the Directors, it may prejudice the interests of the Consolidated Entity to provide additional information (beyond that reported in this Directors' Report) in relation to future developments and the business strategies and operations of the Consolidated Entity and the expected results of those operations in subsequent financial years.

Orion has advised that it intends to continue its investment activities in future years. The results of these investment activities depend upon the performance of the underlying companies and securities in which the company invests. The investments' performance depends on many economic factors and also industry and company specific issues. In the opinion of the Orion Directors, it is not possible or appropriate to make a prediction on the future course of markets, the performance of the company's investments or the forecast of the likely results of the company's activities.

The Consolidated Entity notes the Government's proposed Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme (CPRS). As the CPRS has not yet been implemented, the Directors are unable to reliably quantify the potential future impact of both direct and indirect costs related to this scheme. As such any costs associated with the CPRS have not been taken into account when preparing budgets, forecasts and/or valuation models for measurement of recognised amounts.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Consolidated Entity notes the reporting requirements of both the Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006 (EEOA) and the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (NGERA). The Energy Efficiency Opportunities Act 2006 requires affected companies to assess its energy usage, including the identification, investigation and evaluation of energy saving opportunities, and to report publicly on the assessments undertaken, including what action the company intends to take as a result. The National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 requires affected companies to report its annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use.

The Consolidated Entity has determined that it does not operate a recognised facility requiring registration and reporting under the NGERA and in any event, it would fall under the threshold of greenhouse gas emissions required for registration and reporting. Similarly, the Consolidated Entity's energy consumption would fall under the threshold required for registration and reporting under the EEOA.

The Consolidated Entity is not otherwise subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under either Commonwealth or State legislation. To the extent that any environmental regulations may have an incidental impact on the Consolidated Entity's operations, the Directors are not aware of any breach by the Consolidated Entity of those regulations.

DIRECTORS

Information concerning Directors in office during or since the financial year are:

| Farooq Khan | Executive Chairman and Managing Director | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Appointed | 10 March 1998 | | | |
| Qualifications | BJuris , LLB. (Western Australia) | | | |
| Experience | Mr Khan is a qualified lawyer having previously practised principally in the field of corporate law. Mr Khan has extensive experience in the securities industry, capital markets and the executive management of ASX listed companies. In particular, Mr Khan has guided the establishment and growth of a number of public listed companies in the investment, mining and financial services sector. He has considerable experience in the fields of capital raisings, mergers and acquisitions and investments. | | | |
| Relevant interest in shares | 6,113,944 shares | | | |
| Special Responsibilities | Chairman of the Board and Managing Director | | | |
| Other current directorships in listed entities | Current Chairman of: (1) Bentley Capital Limited (since 2 December 2003) (2) Orion Equities Limited (since 6 October 2006) | | | |
| | Current Executive Director of: (3) Alara Resources Limited (since 18 May 2007) | | | |
| | Current Non-Executive Director of: (4) Strike Resources Limited (since 9 September 1999) (5) ITS Capital Investments Limited (formerly Interstaff Recruitment Limited) (since 27 April 2006) | | | |
| Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years | Scarborough Equities Limited (merged with Bentley on 13 March 2009 and delisted) | | | |

| Azhar Chaudhri | Non-Executive Director |
|---|--|
| Appointed | 4 August 1998 |
| Qualifications | Bachelor of Science degree in Maths and Physics and a Masters degree in Economics and postgraduate computer studies |
| Experience | Mr Chaudhri has considerable expertise in computer systems, analysis and design and advanced programming experience, particularly with respect to business and information technology systems and database computing. In particular, Mr Chaudhri has formed and led software development teams creating integrated database and management information systems for utilities, local government land tax departments, hospitals, libraries and oil terminals. |
| Relevant interest in shares | 4,337,780 shares 20,000,000 partly paid shares |
| Special Responsibilities | None |
| Other current directorships in listed entities | None |
| Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years | None |

| Yagoob Khan | Non-Executive Director |
|---|--|
| Appointed | 10 March 1998 |
| Qualifications | BCom (Western Australia), Master of Science in Industrial Administration (Carnegie Mellon) |
| Experience | Mr Khan holds a Masters degree in Business and has worked as a senior executive responsible for product marketing, costing systems and production management. Mr Khan has been involved in the structuring and ASX listing of a number of public companies and in subsequent executive management. Mr Khan brings considerable international experience in corporate finance and the strategic analysis of listed investments. |
| Relevant interest in shares | 157,920 shares |
| Special Responsibilities | None |
| Other current directorships in listed entities | Orion Equities Limited (since 5 November 1999). |
| Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years | None |

| Simon K. Cato | Non-Executive Director |
|---|---|
| Appointed | 6 February 2008 |
| Qualifications | B.A. (<i>USYD</i>) |
| Experience | Mr Simon Cato has had over 25 years capital markets experience in broking, regulatory roles and as director of listed companies. He initially was employed by the ASX in Sydney and in Perth. Over the last 17 years he has been an executive director and/or responsible executive of three stockbroking firms and in those roles he has been involved in many aspects of broking including management issues such as credit control and reporting to regulatory bodies in the securities industry. As a broker he has also been involved in the underwriting of a number of IPO's and has been through the process of IPO listing in the dual role of broker and director. Currently he holds a number of executive and non executive roles with listed companies in Australia. |
| Relevant interest in shares | 193,000 shares |
| Special Responsibilities | None |
| Other current directorships in listed entities | Current Chairman of: (1) Convergent Minerals Limited (since 25 July 2006) (2) Advanced Share Registry Limited (since 22 August 2007) |
| | Current Director of: (3) Greenland Minerals and Energy Ltd (since 21 February 2006) (4) QED Occtech Ltd (since 26 February 2010) |
| Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years | Bentley Capital Limited (since 5 February 2004 to 29 April 2010) Sofcom Limited (8 January 2004 to 19 March 2008) Scarborough Equities Limited (merged with Bentley on 13 March 2009 and delisted) |

At the Balance Date, Messrs Azhar Chaudhri and Yaqoob Khan were resident overseas.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Information concerning the Company Secretary in office during or since the financial year are:

| Victor P. H. Ho | Company Secretary | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Appointed | 30 August 2000 | | | | |
| Qualifications | BCom, LLB (Western Australia) | | | | |
| Experience | Ho has been in company secretarial/executive roles with a number of public listed companies since 2000. Eviously, Mr Ho had 9 years experience in the taxation profession with the Australian Tax Office and in a ecclalist tax law firm. Mr Ho has extensive experience in the structuring and execution of commercial and reporate transactions, capital raisings, capital management matters, public company administration, reporations law and stock exchange compliance and shareholder relations. | | | | |
| Relevant interest in shares | 17,500 shares | | | | |
| Other positions held in listed entities | Current Executive Director and Company Secretary of: (1) Orion Equities Limited (Secretary since 2 August 2000 and Director since 4 July 2003) | | | | |
| | Current Company Secretary of: (2) Bentley Capital Limited (since 5 February 2004) (3) Alara Resources Limited (since 4 April 2007) | | | | |
| Former positions in | (1) Strike Resources Limited (Secretary since 9 March 2000 and Director since 12 October 2000) | | | | |
| other listed entities in past 3 years | (2) Sofcom Limited (Director between 3 July 2002 and 19 March 2008; Secretary between 23 July 2003 and 19 March 2008) | | | | |
| | (3) Scarborough Equities Limited (Secretary between 29 November 2004 and 13 March 2009) | | | | |

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The following table sets out the numbers of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the financial year (including Directors' circulatory resolutions), and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director of the Company:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended | Maximum Possible Meetings |
|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Farooq Khan | 7 | 7 |
| Simon Cato | 7 | 7 |
| Yaqoob Khan | 7 | 7 |
| Azhar Chaudhri | 7 | 7 |

There were no meetings of committees of the Board of the Company.

Board Committees

During the financial year and as at the date of this Directors' Report, the Company did not have separate designated Audit or Remuneration Committees. In the opinion of the Directors, in view of the size of the Board and nature and scale of the Consolidated Entity's activities, matters typically dealt with by an Audit or Remuneration Committee are dealt with by the full Board.

REMUNERATION REPORT

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director and Company Executive (being a company secretary or senior manager) (Key Management Personnel) of the Consolidated Entity.

The information provided under headings (1) to (3) below has been audited as required under section 308(3)(C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

(1) **Remuneration Policy**

The Board determines the remuneration structure of all Key Management Personnel having regard to the Consolidated Entity's nature, scale and scope of operations and other relevant factors, including the frequency of Board meetings, length of service, particular experience and qualifications, market practice (including available data concerning remuneration paid by other listed companies in particular companies of comparable size and nature), the duties and accountability of Key Management Personnel and the objective of maintaining a balanced Board which has appropriate expertise and experience, at a reasonable cost to the Company.

Fixed Cash Short Term Employment Benefits: The Key Management Personnel of the Company are paid a fixed amount per annum plus applicable employer superannuation contributions. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid a maximum aggregate base remuneration of \$55,000 per annum inclusive of minimum employer superannuation contributions where applicable, to be divided as the Board determines appropriate.

The Board has determined current **Company** Key Management Personnel remuneration as follows:

- Mr Faroog Khan (Executive Chairman and Managing Director) a base salary of \$125,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions (currently 9%);
- (b) Mr Azhar Chaudhri (Non-Executive Director) – a base fee of \$15,000 per annum;
- (c) Mr Simon Cato (Non-Executive Director) - a base fee of \$15,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions (currently 9%);
- (d) Mr Yagoob Khan (Non-Executive Director) - a base fee of \$15,000 per annum; and
- Mr Victor Ho (Company Secretary) a base salary of \$45,000 per annum plus employer (e) superannuation contributions (currently 9%).

Key Management Personnel can also opt to "salary sacrifice" their cash fees/salary and have them paid wholly or partly as further employer superannuation contributions or benefits exempt from fringe benefits

Special Exertions and Reimbursements: Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, each Director is entitled to receive:

- Payment for the performance of extra services or the making of special exertions at the request of the Board and for the purposes of the Company.
- Payment for reimbursement of all reasonable expenses (including traveling and accommodation (b) expenses) incurred by a Director for the purpose of attending meetings of the Company or the Board, on the business of the Company, or in carrying out duties as a Director.

Long Term Benefits: Key Management Personnel have no right to termination payments save for payment of accrued annual leave and long service leave (other than Non-Executive Directors).

Equity Based Benefits: The Company does not presently have any equity (shares or options) based remuneration arrangements for any personnel pursuant to any executive or employee share or option plan or otherwise.

Post Employment Benefits: The Company does not presently provide retirement benefits to Key Management Personnel.

Performance Related Benefits/Variable Remuneration: The Company does not presently provide short or long incentive/performance based benefits related to the Company's performance to Key Management Personnel, including payment of cash bonuses. The current remuneration of Key Management Personnel is fixed, is not dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition and is unrelated to the Company's performance.

Service Agreements: The Company does not presently have formal service agreements or employment contracts with any Key Management Personnel.

Financial Performance of Company: There is no relationship between the Company's current remuneration policy and the Company's performance.

(2) **Details of Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

Details of the nature and amount of each element of remuneration of each Key Management Personnel of the Company paid or payable by the Consolidated Entity during the financial year are as follows:

Paid by the Company (Queste) to its Key Management Personnel

| 2010 | Performance | | | Post Employment | Other Long-term | Equity | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------|
| | related | Short-term | Benefits | Benefits | Benefits | Based | |
| Key | | Cash, salary | Non sook | | Long | Charas 0 | |
| Management | % | and commissions | Non-cash benefit | Cunoronnuction | service | Shares & | Total |
| Person | % | commissions | | Superannuation | leave | Options | Total |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Executive | | | | | | | |
| Director: | | | | | | | |
| Farooq Khan | - | 125,000 | - | 11,250 | - | - | 136,250 |
| Non-Executive | | | | | | | |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Yaqoob Khan | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| Azhar Chaudhri | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| Simon Cato | - | 1,731 | - | 14,619 | - | - | 16,350 |
| Company | | | | | | | |
| Secretary: | | | | | | | |
| Victor Ho | - | 31,998 | - | 2,960 | - | - | 34,958 |

| | Performance | | | Post Employment | Other Long-term | Equity | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------|
| 2009 | related | Short-term | Benefits | Benefits | Benefits | Based | |
| Key | | Cash, salary | | | Long | | |
| Management | | and | Non-cash | | service | Shares & | |
| Person | % | commissions | benefit | Superannuation | leave | Options | Total |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Executive | | | | | | | |
| Director: | | | | | | | |
| Farooq Khan | - | 125,000 | - | 11,250 | 36,057 | - | 172,307 |
| Non-Executive | | | | | | | |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Yaqoob Khan | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| Azhar Chaudhri | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| Simon Cato | - | 15,000 | - | 1,350 | 1 | 1 | 16,350 |
| Company | | | | | | | |
| Secretary: | | | | | | | |
| Victor Ho | - | 31,000 | - | 2,790 | 8,346 | - | 42,136 |

Paid by Orion to Key Management Personnel (who are also Key Management Personnel of Queste)

| | | | | Post Employment | Other Long-term | Equity | |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------|
| 2010 | | Short-term | Benefits | Benefits | Benefits | Based | |
| Key | | Cash, salary | | | Long | | |
| Management | Performance | and | Non-cash | | service | Shares & | |
| Personnel | related | commissions | benefit | Superannuation | leave | Options | Total |
| | % | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Executive | | | | | | | |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Farooq Khan | - | 250,000 | - | 22,500 | - | - | 272,500 |
| William Johnson | - | 100,962 | - | 12,087 | - | - | 113,049 |
| Victor Ho | - | 62,018 | - | 5,582 | - | - | 67,600 |
| Non-Executive | | | | | | | |
| Director: | | | | | | | |
| Yaqoob Khan | - | 25,000 | - | - | - | - | 25,000 |

| 2009 | | Short-term | Renefits | Post Employment Benefits | Other Long-term Benefits | Equity Based | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| Key Management Personnel | Performance related % | Cash, salary and commissions | Non-cash benefit | Superannuation | Long service leave | Shares & Options | Total |
| Executive | /6 | \$ | P | Ф | Ð | Ð | Ф. |
| Directors: | | | | | | | |
| Faroog Khan | - | 255,192 | _ | 17,308 | - | - | 272,500 |
| William Johnson | - | 150,000 | - | 13,500 | - | - | 163,500 |
| Victor Ho | - | 60,000 | - | 5,400 | - | - | 65,400 |
| Non-Executive | | | | | | | |
| Director: | | | | | | | |
| Yaqoob Khan | - | 25,000 | - | - | - | - | 25,000 |

Other Benefits Provided to Key Management Personnel

No Key Management Personnel has during or since the end of the financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit, other than a remuneration benefit as disclosed above, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related entity with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial interest.

This concludes the audited remuneration report.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

The Company does not have any directors' and officers insurance policy. Orion has a directors' and officers insurance policy; the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of premiums paid in respect of this policy has not been disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the policy.

DIRECTORS DEEDS

In addition to the rights of indemnity provided under the Company's Constitution (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act), the Company has also entered into a deed with each of the Directors and the Company Secretary (Officer) to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Officer, both during the time the Officer holds office and after the Officer ceases to be an officer of the Company, including the following matters:

- The Company's obligation to indemnify an Officer for liabilities or legal costs incurred as an officer of the Company (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act); and
- Subject to the terms of the deed and the Corporations Act, the Company may advance monies to the (ii) Officer to meet any costs or expenses of the Officer incurred in circumstances relating to the indemnities provided under the deed and prior to the outcome of any legal proceedings brought against the Officer.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF CONSOLIDATED ENTITY

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Consolidated Entity or intervene in any proceedings to which the Consolidated Entity is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Consolidated Entity for all or any part of such proceedings. The Consolidated Entity was not a party to any such proceedings during and since the financial year.

AUDITOR

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd) for audit and non-audit services provided during the financial year are set out below:

| | Consolidated Entity | | | Company | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| Audit & Review Fees | Fees for Other Services | Total | Audit & Review Fees | Fees for Other Services | Total |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 53,874 | 3,150 | 57,024 | 24,594 | 1,500 | 26,094 |

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Board is satisfied that the nature of the non-audit services disclosed above did not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants: Professional Independence, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327B of the Corporations Act 2001.

AUDITORS' INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 forms part of this Directors' Report and is set out on page 18. This relates to the Audit Report, where the Auditors state that they have issued an independence declaration.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

The Directors are not aware of any matters or circumstances at the date of this Directors' Report, other than those referred to in this Directors' Report (in particular, in Review of Operations) or the financial statements or notes thereto (in particular Subsequent Events Note 29), that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, the results of operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board.

Farooq Khan Chairman

31 August 2010

Simon Cato Director



Tel: +8 6382 4600 Fax: +8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au 38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

31 August 2010

Board of Directors Queste Communications Ltd Level 14, The Forrest Centre 221 St Georges Terrace Perth, Western Australia, 6000

Dear Sirs,

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY CHRIS BURTON TO THE DIRECTORS OF QUESTE COMMUNICATIONS LTD

As lead auditor of Queste Communications Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2010, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Queste Communications Ltd and the entities it controlled during the period.

Chris Burton Director

(B.

BDO

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, Western Australia

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| | Note | 2010 \$ | 2009 \$ |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Revenue from continuing operations | Note 3 a | ه 1,351,129 | ⋾ 570,274 |
| Other income | | | · |
| - Net gain from sale of subsidiaries | | - | 16,961,679 |
| - Gains on sale of securities | | - | 432,017 |
| - Net change in fair value in trading portfolio | | 2,572,398 | - |
| - Share of Associate entity's net profits | 15 | 874,850 | - |
| - Gain on sale of assets | | 408 | - |
| - Other | _ | <u> </u> | 34,135 |
| | _ | 4,798,785 | 17,998,105 |
| Expenses Share of Accesiate antitude not local | 3 c | | (2.202.012) |
| Share of Associate entity's net loss | | - | (2,283,013) |
| Net change in fair value in trading portfolio Loss on sale of securities | | | (28,480,000) |
| Costs of olive grove operations | | (873,554) (1,474,013) | - (921,595) |
| Impairment of property held for development and resale | | (950,000) | (1,200,000) |
| Other costs in relation to land operations | | (130,080) | (36,735) |
| Occupancy | | (67,167) | (125,643) |
| Personnel | | (932,525) | (992,229) |
| Financing | | (6,046) | (5,180) |
| Borrowing cost | | (2,729) | - |
| Corporate | | (189,579) | (247,810) |
| Other administration expenses | | , , | , , , |
| - depreciation | | (6,656) | (8,381) |
| - other | | (110,822) | (221,591) |
| Loss before income tax | _ | 55,614 | (16,524,072) |
| Income tax benefit | 4 _ | 694,440 | 4,090,940 |
| Profit/(loss) from continuing operations | _ | 750,054 | (12,433,132) |
| Profit from discontinued operations | 6 | - | 111,376 |
| Profit/(loss) after income tax | _ | 750,054 | (12,321,756) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Changes in asset revaluation reserve, net of tax | 24 _ | (13,938) | 18,052 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | _ | 736,116 | (12,303,704) |
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to: | | | |
| Owners of Queste Communications Ltd | | 171,533 | (6,041,845) |
| Non-controlling interest | _ | 578,521 | (6,279,911) |
| | = | 750,054 | (12,321,756) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to | | | |
| Owners of Queste Communications Ltd | | 157,595 | (6,041,845) |
| Non-controlling interest | _ | 578,521 | (6,279,911) |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents) | = | 736,116 | (12,321,756) |
| Fornings/(loss) per chare for loss from continuing operations attails stable to the audinamy continuing | | | |
| Earnings/(loss) per share for loss from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders | ^ | 2.5 | /41 F\ |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share | 9 | 2.5 | (41.5) |
| Diluted earnings per share Earnings/(loss) per share for loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders | 9 | 1.5 | n/a |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share | 9 | 2.5 | (41.3) |
| Diluted earnings per share | 9 | 2.5 1.5 | (41.3) n/a |
| phatea earnings per share | 7 | 1.5 | 11/3 |

The accompanying notes form part of this financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2010

| CURRENT ASSETS S Cash and cash equilvalents 10 2,585,981 3,440,088 Financial assets hold at fair value through profit and loss 11 8,629,841 7,925,039 Trade and other receivables 12 178,754 97,573 Inventories - Olive Oils 13 619,400 842,147 Other current assets 13 112,013,976 12,310,41 NON CURRENT ASSETS 2 32,823 32,823 Trade and other receivables 12 13,000,000 24,550,000 Inventories - Land 13 15,000,000 24,550,000 Investments accounted for using the equity method 15 7,835,522 6,851,981 Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,800 23,300 Interaction 17 65,500 333,800 Interaction 18 884,683 623,171 Resource projects 19 2 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT EASSETS 2 2,533,375 2,62,202,296 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|---|------|------------|------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents 10 2,585,981 3,440,088 Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss 11 8,629,841 7,925,039 Inventories - Olive Olis 12 118,754 0,7573 Inventories - Olive Olis 13 619,400 842,147 Other current assets 14 - 5,294 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 12 30,302 3,2823 Inventories - Land 13 15,000,00 2,460,000 Investments ascounted for using the equity method 15 383,522 6,851,981 Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,680 2,246,070 Olive trees 17 65,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 884,683 66,312 Resource projects 19 - - Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT LASETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 Total and other payables 2 432,415 1,193,104 Total LUBRILITIES 2 2 | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss 11 8,629,841 7,925,039 Trade and other receivables 12 178,75 97,573 Inventories. Olivo Olis 13 619,400 842,147 Other current assets 14 - 5,294 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 12,013,976 12,310,141 NON CURRENT ASSETS 2 32,823 32,823 Trade and other receivables 13 1,500,000 2,450,000 Inventories. Land 13 1,500,000 2,450,000 Inventories. Land 16 6,213,680 2,246,077 Olive trees 17 6,538,693 393,080 Inventories. Land 16 8,213,680 2,246,077 Olive trees 18 884,883 6,23,121 Resource projects 19 - 2,246,077 Deferred tax asset 2 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT LASETS 143,243,99 13,892,155 Total current Liabilitities 2 432,415 1,193,104 <td></td> <td>40</td> <td>0.505.004</td> <td>0.440.000</td> | | 40 | 0.505.004 | 0.440.000 |
| Trade and other receivables | · | | | |
| Total current assets | • . | | | |
| Diter current assets 14 1.013,076 1.2,101,410 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 1.2,013,076 1.2,310,141 NON CURRENT ASSETS 3.2,823 3.2,823 1.0,410,1616 3.1,500,000 2.450,000 1.3,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3.5,500 3.3,800,000 3.5,500 3 | | | | |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS 12,013,976 12,310,114 Trade and other receivables 12 32,823 32,823 Inventories - Land 13 1,500,000 2,450,000 Investments accounted for using the equity method 15 7,835,522 6,851,981 Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,680 2,246,077 Olive trees 17 65,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 884,683 623,121 Resource projects 19 2 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 Total assets 2 2,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2 3,102,101 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 2 2,688,108 3 | | | 019,400 | |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS 12 32,823 32,823 Irvade and other receivables 12 32,823 32,823 Investments accounted for using the equity method 15 7,835,522 6,851,981 Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,690 2,246,077 Olive trees 17 65,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 84,683 623,121 Resource projects 19 - - Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 Total assets 2 432,415 1,193,104 Trade and other payables 2 432,415 1,193,104 Total CURRENT LIABILITIES 2 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,66 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,66 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,255,693 | Other current assets | 14 | - | 5,294 |
| Trade and other receivables 12 32,823 32,823 Inventories - Land 13 1,500,000 2,450,000 Investments accounted for using the equity method 15 7,835,522 6,815,1981 Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,680 2,246,077 Olive trees 17 6,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 884,683 623,121 Resource projects 19 - - Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 Trade and other payables 20 432,415 1,193,104 ToTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL SETS 23,80,267 23,129,226 EQ | TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 12,013,976 | 12,310,141 |
| Inventories - Land 13 | NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method 15 | Trade and other receivables | 12 | 32,823 | 32,823 |
| Property, plant and equipment 16 2,103,680 2,246,077 Olive trees 17 65,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 884,683 623,121 Resource projects 19 - - Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 TOTAL ASSETS 2 26,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 20 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 21 153,502 152,461 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,288,108 3,073,070 TOTAL SETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY 1,288,101 4,243,1707 2,445,645 Reserves 24 4,241,707 2,445,645 Reserves 24 4,264,583 | Inventories - Land | 13 | 1,500,000 | 2,450,000 |
| Olive trees 17 65,500 393,080 Intangible assets 18 884,683 623,121 Resource projects 19 - - Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 CURRENT LIABILITIES 26,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 8 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 8 Retained earnings 12,888,717 | Investments accounted for using the equity method | 15 | 7,835,522 | 6,851,981 |
| Intangible assets 18 | Property, plant and equipment | 16 | 2,103,680 | 2,246,077 |
| Resource projects 19 can be ferred tax asset 19 can be ferred tax asset 1 can be ferred tax | Olive trees | 17 | 65,500 | 393,080 |
| Deferred tax asset 22 2,102,191 1,295,073 TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 TOTAL ASSETS 26,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 3 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 </td <td>Intangible assets</td> <td>18</td> <td>884,683</td> <td>623,121</td> | Intangible assets | 18 | 884,683 | 623,121 |
| TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS 14,524,399 13,892,155 TOTAL ASSETS 26,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 20 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Provisions 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Resource projects | 19 | - | - |
| TOTAL ASSETS 26,538,375 26,202,296 CURRENT LIABILITIES 20 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Provisions 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 2,688,108 3,073,070 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Deferred tax asset | 22 | 2,102,191 | 1,295,073 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 20 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Provisions 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 14,524,399 | 13,892,155 |
| Trade and other payables 20 432,415 1,193,104 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY 1sued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | TOTAL ASSETS | _ | 26,538,375 | 26,202,296 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 432,415 1,193,104 NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 4,264,583 4,093,050 9,2427 2,456,458 4,093,050 9,2427 12,731,122 10,961,550 10,398,104 | CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Provisions 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY 1ssued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Trade and other payables | 20 | 432,415 | 1,193,104 |
| Provisions 21 153,502 152,461 Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 432,415 | 1,193,104 |
| Deferred tax liabilities 22 2,102,191 1,727,505 TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY 1 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | NON CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,255,693 1,879,966 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Provisions | 21 | 153,502 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,688,108 3,073,070 NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Susued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 2,445,645 2,426,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Deferred tax liabilities | 22 | 2,102,191 | 1,727,505 |
| NET ASSETS 23,850,267 23,129,226 EQUITY Susued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 2,255,693 | 1,879,966 |
| EQUITY Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | TOTAL LIABILITIES | = | 2,688,108 | 3,073,070 |
| Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | NET ASSETS | = | 23,850,267 | 23,129,226 |
| Issued capital 23 6,192,427 6,192,427 Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | EQUITY | | | |
| Reserves 24 2,431,707 2,445,645 Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | | 23 | 6,192,427 | 6,192,427 |
| Retained earnings 4,264,583 4,093,050 Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | · | | | |
| Parent interest 12,888,717 12,731,122 Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | | | | |
| Non-controlling interest 10,961,550 10,398,104 | Parent interest | _ | | |
| TOTAL EQUITY 23,850,267 23,129,226 | Non-controlling interest | | | |
| | TOTAL EQUITY | _ | 23,850,267 | 23,129,226 |

The accompanying notes form part of this financial statements

Retained

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| | Note | Issued | Option Premium | Asset Revaluation | • | Non-controlling | |
|---|--------|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | Capital | Reserves | Reserves | Losses) | Interest | Total |
| At 1 July 2008 | | \$ | \$ 120.012 | \$ | \$ 10.355.004 | \$ | \$ |
| At 1 July 2006 | | 6,087,927 | 2,138,012 | 289,581 | 10,255,994 | 16,658,490 | 35,430,004 |
| Loss attributable to members of the Con | npany | - | - | 18,052 | (6,041,845) | - | (6,023,793) |
| Loss attributable to non-controlling inter | est | - | - | <u> </u> | - | (6,279,911) | (6,279,911) |
| Total comprehensive income for the | e year | - | - | 18,052 | (6,041,845) | (6,279,911) | (12,303,704) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid | 8 | - | - | - | (121,099) | - | (121,099) |
| Partly paid shares | | 104,500 | - | - | - | - | 104,500 |
| Movement in non-controlling interest | | - | - | - | - | 19,525 | 19,525 |
| At 30 June 2009 | = | 6,192,427 | 2,138,012 | 307,633 | 4,093,050 | 10,398,104 | 23,129,226 |
| | | | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2009 | | 6,192,427 | 2,138,012 | 307,633 | 4,093,050 | 10,398,104 | 23,129,226 |
| Profit attributable to members of the Co | mpany | - | _ | (13,938) | 171,533 | - | 157,595 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling inte | | - | - | - | - | 578,521 | 578,521 |
| Total comprehensive income for the | e year | - | - | (13,938) | 171,533 | 578,521 | 736,116 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | | | | | | |
| Movement in non-controlling interest | | - | - | - | - | (15,075) | (15,075) |
| At 30 June 2010 | _ | 6,192,427 | 2,138,012 | 293,695 | 4,264,583 | 10,961,550 | 23,850,267 |
| | | | • | • | | | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| Note | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ | \$ |
| Receipts from customers | 1,149,196 | 345,665 |
| Sale proceeds from trading portfolio | 1,059,608 | 1,141,704 |
| Payments for trading portfolio | - | (264,740) |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | (2,998,989) | (2,356,602) |
| Payments for exploration and evaluation | - | (19,224) |
| Interest received | 118,914 | 199,100 |
| Interest paid | (2,729) | - |
| Income tax refund | - | 414,768 |
| Dividends received | 459,149 | 40,934 |
| NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 10 b | (214,851) | (498,395) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Payments for plant and equipment | (21,302) | (5,118) |
| Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment | 2,593 | - |
| Payments for investment securities | (1,046,752) | (515,737) |
| Proceeds from sale of investment securities | 426,205 | 636,505 |
| NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (639,256) | 115,650 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Proceeds from partly paid shares | - | 104,500 |
| Dividends paid | - | (121,099) |
| NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | - | (16,599) |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH HELD | (854,107) | (399,344) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year | 3,440,088 | 3,839,432 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR 10 | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statement includes the financial statements for the Consolidated Entity consisting of Queste Communications Ltd and its subsidiary. Queste Communications Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated in Western Australia, Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Standards Board, Issues Accounting Uraent Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of the Consolidated Entity, Queste Communications Ltd, also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

AASB 101: Presentation of Financial Statements

The Consolidated Entity has applied the revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements which became effective on 1 January 2009. The revised standard requires the separate presentation of a statement of comprehensive income and a statement of changes in equity. All non-owner changes in equity must now be presented in the statement of comprehensive income. As a consequence, the Consolidated Entity had to change the presentation of its financial statements. Comparative information has been re-presented so that it is also in conformity with the revised standard.

Early adoption of AASB9: Financial Instruments

AASB 9 specifies the basis for classifying and measuring financial assets. Classification is determined based on the Consolidated Entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial assets will be classified as either amortised cost or fair value. AASB 9 replaces the classification and measurement requirements relating to financial assets in AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and measurement (AASB 139).

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if the following conditions are met:

- the objective of the Consolidated Entity's business model in relation to those instruments is to hold the asset to collect the contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual cash flows give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

If these criteria are not met then the financial asset must be classified as fair value through profit or loss except as discussed below. Alternatively, similar to the requirements in AASB 139, the Consolidated Entity may irrevocably elect at inception to classify a financial asset as fair value through profit or loss to reduce an accounting mismatch.

Amortised cost is still measured using the effective interest rate method and amortised cost assets must be assessed for impairment losses. There are no changes to the measurement method for fair value through profit or loss from the requirements in AASB 139.

Under AASB 9 only equity instruments that are not held for trading are able to be classified as fair value through other comprehensive income rather than fair value through profit or loss. On disposal, in contrast to AASB 139, the cumulative gains or losses recognised in equity over the period the Consolidated Entity held the equity instrument are transferred directly to retained earnings and are not permitted to be recognised in profit or loss. Equity instruments fair valued through other comprehensive income are no longer required to be assessed for impairment.

The change in accounting policy has no material impact on the Consolidated Entity's financial statements or the associated notes therein.

Consolidated Financial Statements Reporting

Pursuant to the Corporations Amendment (Corporate Reporting Reform) Bill 2010 (which was passed on 24 June 2010 and received Royal Assent on 28 June 2010), the reporting of the Company's financial statements are no longer required. However, there is still a requirement to present the Company's key financial information in the notes to the financial statements (Refer to Note 2 in this regard).

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity in the preparation of the financial statement. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries of Queste Communications Ltd as at 30 June 2010 and the results of its subsidiaries for the year then ended. Queste Communications Ltd and its subsidiary are referred to in this financial statement as the Consolidated Entity.

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Consolidated Entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Consolidated Entity controls another entity. Information on the controlled entity is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Consolidated Entity. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

All controlled entities have a June financial year-end. All intercompany balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

13 Investments in Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Consolidated Entity has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates in the consolidated financial statements are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. Under this method, the Consolidated Entity's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in other comprehensive income. cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. (refer to Note 15).

Dividends receivable from associates are recognised in the Company's income statement, while in the consolidated financial statements they reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Consolidated Entity's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Consolidated Entity does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Consolidated Entity and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Consolidated Entity's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity. All associated entity has a June financial year-end.

Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated (i.e. capitalised) in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

Under AASB 6 "Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources", if facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of any recognised exploration and evaluation assets may be impaired, the Company must perform impairment tests on those assets and measure any impairment in accordance with AASB 136 "Impairment of Assets". Any impairment loss is to be recognised as an expense. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of

1.5. **Operating Segment**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to Board.

Change in accounting policy

The Consolidated Entity has applied AASB 8 "Operating Segments" from 1 July 2009. The Consolidated Entity now presents the operating segments based on information that is internally provided to the management. Previously operating segments were determined and presented in accordance with AASB 114 "Segment Reporting". An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses. An

operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the management to make decisions on the allocation of resources to the relevant segments and assess performance. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities. In this financial year, the operating segments have been determined to be investments comprising of investments in shares, land and Associate entity and the olive grove. The Consolidated Entity's segment reporting is contained in Note 25 of the notes to the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST") except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of Goods and Disposal of Assets - Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the Consolidated Entity has passed control of the goods or other assets to the buver.

Contributions of Assets - Revenue arising from the contribution of assets is recognised when the Consolidated Entity gains control of the asset or the right to receive the contribution.

Interest Revenue - Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Dividend Revenue - Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. Consolidated Entity brings dividend revenue to account on the applicable ex-dividend entitlement date.

Other Revenues - Other revenues are recognised on a receipts basis.

1.7. Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each taxing jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses (if applicable).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each taxing jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The amount of deferred tax assets benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the

consolidated entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating

1.9. **Employee Benefits**

Short term obligations - Provision is made for the Consolidated Entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Employer superannuation contributions are made by the Consolidated Entity in accordance with statutory obligations and are charged as an expense when incurred.

Other long term employee benefit obligations - The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

1.10. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

1.11. Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recorded at amounts due less any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when considered non-recoverable.

1.12. Dividends Policy

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

1.13. Investments and Other Financial Assets

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss - A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Available for sale financial assets- Available for sale financial assets, comprising principally marketable equity securities, are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any other categories. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are recognised in equity in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables - Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities - Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and

The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio (comprising listed and unlisted securities) is accounted for as "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss".

1.14. Fair value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the consolidated entity is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques, including but not limited to recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models. The consolidated entity

may use a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for other financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Consolidated Entity for similar financial instruments.

The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio (comprising listed and unlisted securities) is accounted for as a "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and is carried at fair value based on the quoted last bid prices at reporting date (refer to Note 11).

1.15. Property held for Resale

Property held for development and sale is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development are expensed. Profits are brought to account on the signing of an unconditional contract of sale.

1.16. Property, Plant and Equipment

All plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition

Freehold Land is not depreciated. (except for property held for resale - refer to Note 1.15). Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are recognised, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. It is shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining recoverable amount.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets

| Class of Fixed Asset | Depreciation | Depreciation Method |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Rate | |
| Plant and Equipment | 15-33.3% | Diminishing Value |
| Furniture and Equipment | 15-20% | Diminishing Value |
| Leasehold Improvements | 15% | Diminishing Value |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the profit and loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

1.17. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the profit or loss. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.18. Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.19. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

1.20. Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is determined by dividing the operating result after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the financial period.

Diluted Earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings per share that will probably arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the financial period.

1.21. Business Combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value.

Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Consolidated Entity's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Consolidated Entity's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the profit and loss, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Change in accounting policy

A revised AASB 3: Business Combinations became operative on 1 July 2009. While the revised standard continues to apply the acquisition method to business combinations, there have been some significant changes.

All purchase consideration is now recorded at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent payments classified as debt are subsequently remeasured through profit or loss. Under the Consolidated Entity's previous policy, contingent payments were only recognised when the payments were probable and could be measured reliably and were accounted for as an adjustment to the cost of acquisition.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Previously, they were recognised as part of the cost of acquisition and therefore included in goodwill.

Non-controlling interests in an acquiree are now recognised either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets. This decision is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Under the previous policy, the non-controlling interest was always recognised at its share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

If the Consolidated Entity recognises previous acquired deferred tax assets after the initial acquisition accounting is completed there will no longer be any adjustment to goodwill. As a consequence, the recognition of the deferred tax asset will increase the Consolidated Entity's net profit after tax.

1.22. Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. They include the transfer from equity of any gains losses on qualifying cash flow hedges relating to purchases of raw material. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(ii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

1.23. Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.24. Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Consolidated Entity as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

1.25. Intangible Assets

The intangible assets acquired in a business combination are initially measured at its purchase price as its fair value at the acquisition date. The revaluation method states that after the initial recognition, an intangible asset shall be carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and any subsequent accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of revaluations under AASB 138: Intangible Assets, fair value shall be determined by reference to an active market. Revaluations shall be made with such regularity that at the end of the reporting period the carrying amount of the asset does not differ materially from its fair value.

1.26. Biological Assets

Biological assets are initially, and subsequent to initial recognition, measured at their fair value less any estimated point-of-sale costs. Gains or losses arising on initial or subsequent recognition are accounted for via the profit or loss for the period in which the gain or loss arises. Agricultural produce harvested from the biological assets shall be measured at its fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs at the point of harvest.

1.27. Summary of Accounting Standards Issued Not Yet Effective

The following new Accounting Standards and Interpretations (which have been released but not yet adopted) have no material impact on the Consolidated Entity's financial statements or the associated notes therein.

| AASB reference | Title and Affected Standard(s): | Nature of Change | Application date: |
|--|--|--|---|
| AASB 2009-5 (issued May 2009) | Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Process | Not urgent but necessary changes to AIFRSs as a result of the IASB's 2008 annual improvement process. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB 2009-8 (issued July 2009) | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Group Cash-settled Share- based Payment Transactions | Clarifies the scope and accounting for group cash-settled share-based payment transactions in the individual financial statements of an entity receiving the goods/services when that entity has no obligation to settle the share-based payment transaction. Supersedes Interpretation 8 Scope of AASB 2 and Interpretation 11 AASB 2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions. | Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB Interpretation 19 (issued December 2009) | Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments | Equity instruments issued to a creditor to extinguish all or part of a financial liability are 'consideration paid' to be recognised at the fair value of the equity instruments issued, unless their fair value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the debt extinguished. Any difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the 'consideration paid' is recognised in profit or loss. | Periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 |
| Improvements to IFRSs | Improvements to IFRSs | Not urgent but necessary changes to IFRSs as a result of IASB's 2009 annual improvements project. | Periods commencing on or after 1 July 2010 or 1 January 2011. |
| AASB 124 (issued December 2009) | Related Party Disclosures | Simplifies disclosure requirements for government-related entities and clarifies the definition of a related party. | Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2011. |
| AASB 5 | Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations | Clarifies that disclosures required for non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale or discontinued operations are limited to those required by AASB 5 unless: • Disclosures are specifically required for these assets by other AASBs; or • Assets and liabilities of a disposal group are not within the measurement requirements of AASB 5 and disclosures are required by other AASBs. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB 101 | Presentation of Financial Statements | Clarifies that terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in the liability being settled by the issue of equity instruments, do not affect its classification. This means that unless the terms of such liabilities require a transfer of cash or other assets within 12 months, they do not necessarily have to be classified as current liabilities. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB 107 | Statement of Cash Flows | Clarifies that only expenditures that result in a recognised asset in the statement of financial position are eligible for classification as cash flows from investing activities. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB 117 | Leases | Land can be classified as a finance lease for very long leases where the significant risks and rewards are effectively transferred, despite there being no transfer of title. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |
| AASB 136 | Impairment of Assets | Clarifies that CGUs to which goodwill is allocated cannot be larger than an operating segment as defined in AASB 8 Operating Segments before aggregation. | Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

COMPANY INFORMATION

| The following information provided relates to the Company, Queste Communications Ltd as at 30 June 2010. The information presented here has been prepared using accounting policies outlined in Note 1. | Comp | - |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Statement of Financial Position | \$ | \$ |
| Current assets | 2,770,250 | 3,302,766 |
| Non current assets Total assets | 3,399,173 | 3,955,391 |
| Total assets | 6,169,423 | 7,258,157 |
| Current liabilities | 143,106 | 124,772 |
| Non current liabilities | 132,196 | 336,113 |
| Total liabilities | 275,302 | 460,885 |
| Net assets | 5,894,121 | 6,797,272 |
| Issued capital | 6,192,427 | 6,192,427 |
| Reserves | 2,419,637 | 2,719,171 |
| Accumulated losses | (2,717,943) | (2,114,326) |
| Total equity | 5,894,121 | 6,797,272 |
| Loss for the year | (475,244) | (32,792) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | (475,244) | (32,792) |
| Notes to the Statement of Financial Position | | |
| (a) Current assets | | |
| (i) Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Cash at bank | 543,179 | 168,671 |
| Term deposit | 1,645,272 | 3,029,260 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 2,188,451 | 3,197,931 |
| (ii) Other current assets | 581,799 | 104,835 |
| Total current assets | 2,770,250 | 3,302,766 |
| (b) Non current assets | | |
| (i) Available for sale financial asset | | |
| Shares in controlled entity - at cost | 2,849,766 | 2,849,766 |
| Net change in fair value | 402,322 | 830,229 |
| Market value of listed securities | 3,252,088 | 3,679,995 |
| (ii) Other non current assets | 147,085 | 275,396 |
| Total non current assets | 3,399,173 | 3,955,391 |
| Details of the percentage of ordinary shares held in controlled entity: | Ownership | interest |
| Investment in Controlled Entities: | 2010 | 2009 |
| Orion Equities Limited (A.C.N. 000 742 843) (OEQ) Incorporated in Australia | 48% | 48% |
| (c) Transactions with related parties | | |
| The Company is deemed to control Orion Equities Limited (OEQ). During the financial year, there were transactions between the Company, OEQ and Associate entity of OEQ, Bentley Capital Limited (BEL), pursuant to shared office and administration expense arrangements. Interest is not charged on such outstanding amounts and amounts were fully received/(paid) by balance date. The following transactions also occurred with related parties: | Comp | any |

| Dividends received from: | \$ | \$ |
|--|---------|--------|
| Bentley Capital Limited | 410,276 | - |
| Orion Equities Limited | - | 42,791 |
| Administration expenses receivable/(payable) | | |
| Bentley Capital Limited | 560 | 30,651 |
| Orion Equities Limited | (2,077) | 345 |

2010 2009

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

Profit/(Loss) for the year includes the following items of revenue and expenses below. Included in the 2009 comparatives are the revenue and expenses of the discontinued operations of Orion Indo Mining Pty Ltd and Central Exchange Mining Ltd, formerly wholly owned subsidiaries of controlled entity, Orion Equities Limited, disposed on 11 August 2008 (refer to Note 6).

| | | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|--|------------|------------|
| (a) | Revenue from continuing operations | \$ | \$ |
| | Dividends received | 14,060 | 41,850 |
| | Income from sale of olive oils | 1,200,987 | 311,530 |
| | Interest received - other | 136,082 | 216,894 |
| | | 1,351,129 | 570,274 |
| | Other income | | |
| | Net gain from sale of subsidiaries | - | 16,961,679 |
| | Gain on sale of investments | - | 432,017 |
| | Net change in fair value in investments | 2,572,398 | - |
| | Share of Associate entity's profit | 874,850 | - |
| | Gain on sale of assets | 408 | - |
| | Other income | | 34,135 |
| | | 3,447,656 | 17,427,831 |
| | | 4,798,785 | 17,998,105 |
| (b) | Revenue from discontinued operations | | , ,, |
| | Interest received - other | <u> </u> | 4 |
| (c) | Expenses from continuing operations | | |
| (0) | Share of Associate entity's losses | _ | 2,283,013 |
| | Net change in fair value in investments | _ | 28,480,000 |
| | Loss on sale of investments | 873,554 | - |
| | Costs in relation to olive grove operations | 5.5,55 | |
| | - Cost of goods sold | 910,006 | 31,628 |
| | - Revaluation of trees | 327,580 | 188,500 |
| | - Depreciation expenses | 123,303 | 152,086 |
| | - Other expenses | 113,124 | 549,381 |
| | Costs in relation to land operations | , | 277,227 |
| | - Impairment of property held for development and resale | 950,000 | 1,200,000 |
| | - Other expenses | 130,080 | 36,735 |
| | Occupancy expenses | 67,167 | 125,643 |
| | Personnel - remuneration and other | 952,452 | 934,018 |
| | - employee entitlements | (19,927) | 58,211 |
| | Finance expenses | 6,046 | 5,180 |
| | Borrowing cost | 2,729 | - |
| | Corporate expenses | _, | |
| | - Consultancy | 92,089 | 85,838 |
| | - Other corporate expenses | 97,490 | 161,972 |
| | Administration expenses | .,, | |
| | - Communications | 12,700 | _ |
| | - Professional fees | 3,014 | 15,886 |
| | - Exploration and evaluation expenses | - | 18,827 |
| | - Brokerage fees | 11,830 | (19,297) |
| | - Realisation cost of share portfolio provision/(written back) | (1,072) | - |
| | - Write off lapsed options | 1,200 | _ |
| | - Write off fixed assets | 2,986 | 135 |
| | - Depreciation expenses - other assets | 6,656 | 8,381 |
| | - Other expenses | 80,164 | 206,040 |
| | <i></i> | 4,743,171 | 34,522,177 |
| | | .,, .5,171 | ,, , |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 3. | CONSOLIDATED PRO | OFIT/(LOSS) FOR | R THE YEAR (continued) |
|----|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
|----|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|

| | | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|---|-----------|--------------|
| (d) | Expenses from discontinued operations | \$ | \$ |
| | Finance expenses | - | 20 |
| | Other corporate expenses | - | (111,974 |
| | Exploration and evaluation expenses | | 39 |
| INC | DME TAX EXPENSE | - | (111,372) |
| (a) | Income tax expense | | |
| | Current tax | | |
| | Under/(over) provision in prior years | - | (472,883 |
| | Deferred tax | | |
| | Current year deferred tax expense/(benefit) | (694,440) | (3,642,618 |
| | (Over)/under provision in prior years | | 24,56 |
| | Total income tax expense/(benefit) per income statement | (694,440) | (4,090,940) |
| (b) | Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable | | |
| | Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations | 55,614 | (16,524,072 |
| | Profit from discontinued operations | - | 111,376 |
| | Profit/(loss) before income tax | 55,614 | (16,412,696) |
| | Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2009: 30%) | 16,684 | (4,923,809 |
| | Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income: | | |
| | Other assessable income | 57,593 | 141,74 |
| | Other non-deductible items | 4,023 | 383,25 |
| | Share of Associate's (profits)/loss | (262,455) | 684,90 |
| | Current year revenue losses not brought to account | 94,524 | 62,48 |
| | Current year capital losses not brought to account | - | 1,20 |
| | Utilisation of previously unrecognised capital loss | (1,200) | - |
| | Derecognition of prior year capital loss | 69,001 | - |
| | Excess current year franking credits converted to recognised tax losses | (177,011) | - |
| | Movement in unrecognised temporary differences | 44,057 | 7,609 |
| | Income tax expense attributable to operating loss | (154,784) | (3,642,618 |
| | Recoupment of prior year losses not brought to account | - | (472,883 |
| | Deferred tax assets not previously brought to account | (539,656) | 24,56 |
| | Income tax expense (benefit) | (694,440) | (4,090,940 |
| (c) | Deferred tax recognised directly in equity | | |
| | Revaluations of land and intangibles | 262,006 | |
| (d) | Deferred tax assets not brought to account at 30%: | | |
| | Revenue losses | 518,075 | 398,13 |
| | Capital losses | 295,802 | 1,20 |
| | Temporary differences | 90,942 | 46,88 |
| | | 904,819 | 446,21 |

The Deferred Tax Asset not brought to account for the period will only be obtained if:

i) the Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realised;

ii) the Company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation; and

iii) the Company is able to meet the continuity of ownership and/or continuity of business tests under tax legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|--------------|---------|
| (a) Key management personnel compensation | \$ | \$ |
| Directors | | |
| Short-term employee benefits - cash fees | 532,693 | 445,000 |
| Post-employment benefits - superannuation | 60,456 | 35,100 |
| Long-term benefits | | 36,057 |
| | 593,149 | 516,157 |
| Other key management personnel | | |
| Short-term employee benefits - cash fees | 94,016 | 91,000 |
| Post-employment benefits - superannuation | 8,542 | 8,190 |
| Long-term benefits | _ | 8,346 |
| | 102,558 | 107,536 |

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

(b) Compensation of other key management personnel

The Consolidated Entity do not have any key executives (other than executive directors).

(c) Options, rights and equity instruments provided as remuneration

There were no options, rights and equity instruments provided as remuneration to key management personnel and no shares issued on the exercise of any such instruments, during the financial year.

| (d) | Shareholdings of key management personnel | Balance at | Net Changes | Balance at |
|-----|--|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2010 | start of the year | during the year | end of the year |
| | Directors | 44 (00 ((0 | | 44 (00 ((0 |
| | Farooq Khan | 11,620,669 | - | 11,620,669 |
| | Simon Cato | 193,000 | - | 193,000 |
| | Azhar Chaudhri | 4,724,280 | - | 4,724,280 |
| | Yaqoob Khan | 11,620,669 | - | 11,620,669 |
| | Other key management personnel | | | |
| | Victor Ho (Company Secretary) | 23,100 | - | 23,100 |
| | 2009 | | | |
| | Directors | | | |
| | Farooq Khan | 11,598,786 | 21,883 | 11,620,669 |
| | Simon Cato | 193,000 | - | 193,000 |
| | Azhar Chaudhri | 4,724,280 | - | 4,724,280 |
| | Yaqoob Khan | 11,598,786 | 21,883 | 11,620,669 |
| | Other key management personnel | | | |
| | Victor Ho (Company Secretary) | 23,100 | - | 23,100 |
| (e) | Partly paid shareholding of key management personnel | Balance at | Net Changes | Balance at |
| | 2010 | start of the year | during the year | end of the year |
| | Directors | | | |
| | Farooq Khan | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |
| | Azhar Chaudhri | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |
| | Yaqoob Khan | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |
| | 2009 | | | |
| | Directors | | | |
| | Farooq Khan | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |
| | Azhar Chaudhri | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |
| | Yaqoob Khan | 20,000,000 | - | 20,000,000 |

The disclosures of equity holdings above are in accordance with the accounting standards which requires a disclosure of direct and indirect holdings of spouses, relatives, spouses of relatives and entities under the control or significant influence of each of the same. There are instances of some overlap between disclosed holdings of Farooq Khan, Yaqoob Khan and Azhar Chaudhri.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (continued) 5.

(f) Option holdings of key management personnel

The Consolidated Entity does not have any options on issue.

(g) Loans to key management personnel

There were no loans to key management personnel (or their personally related entities) during the financial year.

(h) Other transactions with key management personnel

A director, Mr Simon Cato, is a director of Advanced Share Registry Limited, which provides share registry services to the Consolidated Entity.

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Amounts recognised as expense | \$ | \$ |
| Share registry fees | 8,179 | 11,640 |

There were no other transactions with key management personnel (or their personally related entities) during the financial year.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 11 August 2008, controlled entity, Orion Equities Limited (OEQ) disposed of its mining assets via the sale of its subsidiaries, Orion Indo Mining Pty Ltd and Central Exchange Mining Ltd to Strike Resources Limited (Strike) in consideration for the issue of 9,500,000 ordinary shares in Strike. Financial information relating to the discontinued operations of the subsidiaries from 1 July 2008 to the date of cessation is set out below.

| Financial information relating to the discontinued operation, which has been | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|------|-------------|
| incorporated into the Statement of Comprehensive Income, is as follows: | \$ | \$ |
| Revenue | - | 4 |
| Expenses | | 111,372 |
| Loss before income tax | - | 111,376 |
| Income tax expense | - | |
| Loss after income tax | | 111,376 |
| Gain on sale of subsidiary | - | 16,961,679 |
| Income tax expense | | <u>-</u> _ |
| Gain on sale of subsidiary after tax | | 16,961,679 |
| The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the operation at the date of cessation were: | | |
| Total assets | - | 1,767,013 |
| Total liabilities | - | (13,692) |
| Net assets | | 1,753,321 |
| The net cash flows of the business, which have been incorporated into the Statement of Cash Flows, are as follows: | | |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | - | (40,791) |
| Net cash inflow from investing activities | - | 77,121 |
| Net increase in cash from businesses | | 36,330 |
| Details of sale of subsidiaries | | |
| Consideration received; | | |
| Shares | - | 18,715,000 |
| | - | 18,715,000 |
| Carrying amount of net assets sold | | (1,753,321) |
| Gain on sale before income tax | - | 16,961,679 |
| Income tax expense | | |
| Gain on sale after income tax | - | 16,961,679 |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

7. **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity and its related practices:

| | | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd | | \$ | \$ |
| Audit and review of financial reports | | 53,874 | 52,418 |
| Taxation services | | 2,100 | 2,520 |
| Other services | _ | 1,050 | 1,040 |
| | _ | 57,024 | 55,978 |
| DIVIDENDS | _ | | |
| Declared and paid during the year | | | |
| Dividends on ordinary shares | Paid on | | |
| by QUE - 0.25 cents per share fully franked | 25-Sep-08 | - | 74,818 |
| by OEQ - 0.5 cents per share fully franked | 21-Sep-08 | - | 46,281 |
| | = | - | 121,099 |
| Franking credit balance | | 2,121,478 | 2,537,920 |
| Franking debits arising from payment of dividends post balance date | _ | - | _ |
| | = | 2,121,478 | 2,537,920 |
| EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE | | | |
| | | 2010 | 2009 |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents) | | | |
| From continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders | | 2.5 | (41.5) |
| From discontinued operations | _ | - | 0.2 |
| Total basic earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders | _ | 2.5 | (41.3) |
| rotal basic carrings, (1935) per share attributable to the oraniary equity floiders | = | 2.3 | (+1.5) |

Diluted loss per share is not required to be disclosed when the Consolidated Entity was in a net loss position.

Total diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders

| Reconciliations of earnings/(loss) used in calculating earnings per share | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|---------|--------------|
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders used in calculating basic earnings per share | \$ | \$ |
| from continuing operations | 750,054 | (12,433,132) |
| from discontinued operations | | 111,376 |
| Profit/(Loss) used to calculate earnings per share (\$) | 750,054 | (12,321,756) |

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

Diluted earnings per share

The earnings/(loss) and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic 2009 earnings/(loss) per share are as follows: Net Profit/(Loss) (\$) 750,054 (12,321,756)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (i) 29,927,379 29,927,379

The Consolidated Entity's partly paid shares, to the extent that they have been paid (1.5225 cent per share), have been (i) included in the determination of the basic earnings/(loss) per share.

The Consolidated Entity's partly paid shares, to the extent of the balance of the call (18.4775 cents per share), have not been included in the determination of basic earnings/(loss) per share. These securities are included in the determination of diluted earnings/(loss) per share on the basis that each partly paid share will become fully paid.

1.55

n/a

for the year ended 30 June 2010

EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (continued)

| | (b) | Diluted earnings/(loss) per share The earnings/(loss) and weighted average number of ordinary and potential ordinary shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings/(loss) per share are as follows: | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|------|---|------------|-------------|
| | | Net Profit/(Loss) (\$) | 750,054 | (6,279,911) |
| | | Weighted average number of ordinary shares (i) | 48,404,879 | 48,404,879 |
| | Wei | ghted average number of shares used as the denominator | | |
| | | The weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings/(loss) per share | 29,927,379 | 29,914,495 |
| | | Adjustments for calculation of diluted loss per share | | |
| | | Portion of partly-paid ordinary shares that remain unpaid | 18,477,500 | 18,490,384 |
| | | = | 48,404,879 | 48,404,879 |
| 10. | CAS | H AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 2010 | 2009 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Cash | n at bank | 940,709 | 410,828 |
| | Tern | n deposit | 1,645,272 | 3,029,260 |
| | | - | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |

(a) Risk exposure

(b)

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in Note 26. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of cash and cash equivalents mentioned above.

| Reconciliation of Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax to Net Cash Flow from Operations | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Profit/(Loss) after income tax | 750,054 | (12,321,756) |
| Net gain from sale of subsidiaries | - | (16,961,679) |
| Gain on sale of investments portfolio | - | 4,001 |
| Net change in fair value in trading portfolio | (2,572,398) | 28,480,000 |
| Revaluation of trees | 327,580 | 188,500 |
| Impairment of property held for development and resale | 950,000 | 1,200,000 |
| Depreciation - olive grove and other assets | 129,959 | 160,467 |
| Write off lapsed options | 1,200 | - |
| Write off fixed assets | 2,986 | 135 |
| Gain on sale of fixed assets | (408) | - |
| Cost of trading portfolio sold | 2,359,367 | 705,686 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Assets: | | |
| Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss | (426,205) | (268,055) |
| Trade and other receivables | (85,574) | (193,409) |
| Inventories - Olive Oils | 222,748 | (681,621) |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method | (429,761) | 2,283,013 |
| Other current assets | 5,294 | (5,294) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities: | | |
| Trade and other payables | (836,988) | 587,791 |
| Provisions | 81,735 | - |
| Tax liabilities | (694,440) | (3,676,174) |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | (214,851) | (498,395) |

for the year ended 30 June 2010

11. FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| Current | \$ | \$ |
| Listed securities at fair value | 7,669,346 | 7,076,726 |
| | | |
| Unlisted options in listed corporations at cost | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Add: net change in fair value | 950,495 | 838,313 |
| | 960,495 | 848,313 |
| | | |
| | 8,629,841 | 7,925,039 |
| | | |
| Net gain/(loss) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss | 2,572,398 | (28,047,983) |
| | | |

Risk Exposure

Information about the Consolidated Entity's exposure to market and price risk is provided in Note 26(d).

12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| С | u | r | r | e | n | ı |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | |

| Deposit | 935 | 935 |
|--|---------|--------|
| Amount receivable from related parties | 1,203 | 30,581 |
| Other receivables | 163,283 | 35,860 |
| GST receivable | 13,333 | 30,197 |
| | 178,754 | 97,573 |
| Non Current | | |
| Bonds and guarantees | 32,823 | 32,823 |
| | 32,823 | 32,823 |

(a) Risk exposure

Information about the Consolidated Entity's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk is in Note 26.

(b) Impaired receivables and receivables

None of the receivables are impaired or past due.

13. INVENTORIES

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Current - Olive Oil Inventory | \$ | \$ |
| Bulk oils - at cost | 515,525 | 701,478 |
| Packaged oils - at cost | 103,875 | 140,669 |
| | 619,400 | 842,147 |
| Non Current - Land Development | | _ |
| Property held for development and resale - at cost | 3,797,339 | 3,797,339 |
| Revaluation of property | (2,297,339) | (1,347,339) |
| | 1,500,000 | 2,450,000 |

Property held for development and resale was valued by an independent qualified valuer (an Associate member of the Australian Property Institute) on 27 January 2010 and the downwards revaluation has been recognised as an impairment expense through profit or loss.

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 14. | OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | 2010 \$ | 2009 \$ |
|-----|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Prepayments | | | | | | 5,294 |
| 15. | INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR | USING THE EQUITY MI | ETHOD | | | | |
| | | | | | | Carrying I | Amount |
| | Name of Associate | Principal Activity | Ownersh | nip Interest | | 2010 | 2009 |
| | | | 2010 | 2009 | | \$ | \$ |
| | Bentley Capital Limited (BEL) | Investments | 30.9% | 28.7% | | 7,835,522 | 6,851,981 |
| | Scarborough Equities Pty Ltd (SCB) | Investments | - | - | | _ | - |
| | | | | | | 7,835,522 | 6,851,981 |
| | SCB is a wholly owned subsidiary of I | BEL | | | | ' | _ |
| | | | | | | 2010 | 2009 |
| | Movement in Investments in Ass | ociates | | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Shares in listed Associate entity brou | ght forward | | | | 6,851,981 | 9,207,515 |
| | Share of profit/(losses) before income | e tax expense | | | | 874,850 | (2,141,377) |
| | Dividends from Associate | | | | | (445,089) | - |
| | Share of income tax expense | | | | | - | (141,636) |
| | Impairment expense - SCB | | | | | - | (72,521) |
| | Acquisition of BEL shares | | | | | 553,780 | - |
| | Acquisition of BEL shares through sch | neme of arrangement mer | ger with SCB | | | - | 3,270,050 |
| | Disposal of SCB shares through schel | me of arrangement merge | r with BEL | | | - | (3,270,050) |
| | Carrying amount at the end of the fir | nancial year | | | | 7,835,522 | 6,851,981 |
| | Fair value of listed investments i | n associate | | | | | |
| | Bentley Capital Limited | | | | | 5,007,242 | 5,333,584 |
| | Net tangible asset value of listed | l investments in associa | ate | | | | |
| | Bentley Capital Limited | | | | | 9,124,307 | 7,951,618 |
| | | | | | | 1 | |
| | Share of Associate's profits | | | | | | |
| | Profit/(Loss) before income tax | | | | | 874,850 | (2,141,377) |
| | Share of income tax expense | | | | | _ | (141,636) |
| | Profit/(Loss) after income tax | | | | | 874,850 | (2,283,013) |
| | | | | | Group : | share of: | |
| | Summarised Financial Position o | f Associate | Ben | tley Capital | l Limited S | Scarborough Equ | uities Pty Ltd |
| | | | | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Current assets | | | 9,169,156 | 7,982,669 | - | - |
| | Non current assets | | | 42,624 | 4,444 | - | - |
| | Total assets | | | 9,211,780 | 7,987,113 | - | - |
| | Current liabilities | | | (39,368) | (31,697) | - | - |
| | Non current liabilities | | | (44,567) | (3,798) | - | - |
| | Total liabilities | | | (83,936) | (35,495) | - | - |
| | | | | | | | |

9,127,844

1,282,312

874,850

7,951,618

1,587,188

(211,027)

Bentley Capital Limited - Lease Commitments

Profit after income tax of associates

Net assets

Revenues

BEL and its subsidiary, SCB, have the same lease commitments as disclosed in Note 27.

(2,071,986)

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 16. | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | Freehold | Buildings on | Plant & | Leasehold | |
|-----|---------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---|-----------|
| | | Land | Freehold Land | | - | Total |
| | 2010 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Carrying amount at beginning | 1,228,450 | 93,881 | 913,560 | 10,186 | 2,246,077 |
| | Asset revaluation (Note 24) | (28,569) | - | - | - | (28,569) |
| | Additions | - | - | 21,302 | - | 21,302 |
| | Depreciation expense | - | (7,041) | (121,434) | (1,484) | (129,959) |
| | Disposals | - | - | (2,185) | - | (2,185) |
| | Write off obsolete assets | | - | (2,986) | - | (2,986) |
| | Carrying amount at balance date | 1,199,881 | 86,840 | 808,257 | 8,702 | 2,103,680 |
| | At 1 July 2009 | | | | | |
| | Cost or fair value | 861,214 | 112,432 | 1,368,318 | 44,305 | 2,386,269 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | 367,236 | (18,551) | (454,758) | (34,119) | (140,192) |
| | Net carrying amount | 1,228,450 | 93,881 | 913,560 | 10,186 | 2,246,077 |
| | At 30 June 2010 | | | | | |
| | Cost or fair value | 861,214 | 112,432 | 1,368,846 | 44,305 | 2,386,797 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | 338,667 | (25,592) | (560,589) | | (283,117) |
| | Net carrying amount | 1,199,881 | 86,840 | 808,257 | • | 2,103,680 |
| | 2009 | | | | | |
| | Carrying amount at beginning | 1,464,000 | 101,493 | 1,052,079 | 11,928 | 2,629,500 |
| | Asset revaluation (Note 24) | (235,550) | _ | - | - | (235,550) |
| | Additions | - | - | 13,133 | - | 13,133 |
| | Depreciation expense | - | (7,612) | (151,113) | (1,742) | (160,467) |
| | Disposals | - | - | (539) | | (539) |
| | Carrying amount at balance date | 1,228,450 | 93,881 | 913,560 | | 2,246,077 |
| | At 1 July 2008 | | | | | |
| | Cost or fair value | 861,214 | 112,432 | 1,357,377 | 44,305 | 2,375,328 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | 602,786 | | (305,298) | | 254,172 |
| | Net carrying amount | 1,464,000 | • • • | 1,052,079 | • | 2,629,500 |
| | At 30 June 2009 | | | | | |
| | Cost or fair value | 861,214 | 112,432 | 1,368,318 | 44,305 | 2,386,269 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | 367,236 | (18,551) | (454,758) | | (140,192) |
| | Net carrying amount | 1,228,450 | | 913,560 | | 2,246,077 |
| | | | | | | |
| 17. | OLIVE TREES | | | | 2010 | 2009 |

| 17. | OLIVE TREES | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Olive trees - at cost | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| | Revaluation of trees | (234,500) | 93,080 |
| | | 65,500 | 393,080 |

The olive trees are on the Olive Grove property (approximately 64,500, 11 year old trees planted over 143 hectares). As at 30 June 2010, an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate member of the Australian Property Institute) revalued the trees downwards by \$234,500 from the previous balance date. The revaluation of trees is expensed to profit or loss (Note 3).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 3. | INTANGIBLE ASSETS | Water Licence | Brand name | Total |
|----|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|---------|
| | Year ended 30 June 2010 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | Opening net book amount | 523,125 | 99,996 | 623,121 |
| | Asset revaluation | 261,562 | - | 261,562 |
| | Closing net book amount | 784,687 | 99,996 | 884,683 |
| | At 30 June 2010 | | | |
| | Cost | 250,000 | 99,996 | 349,996 |
| | Asset revaluation (Note 24) | 534,687 | - | 534,687 |
| | Net book amount | 784,687 | 99,996 | 884,683 |
| | Year ended 30 June 2009 | | | |
| | Opening net book amount | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| | Additions - acquisition | - | 99,996 | 99,996 |
| | Asset revaluation | 273,125 | - | 273,125 |
| | Closing net book amount | 523,125 | 99,996 | 623,121 |
| | At 30 June 2009 | | | |
| | Cost | 250,000 | 99,996 | 349,996 |
| | Asset revaluation (Note 24) | 273,125 | - | 273,125 |
| | Net book amount | 523,125 | 99,996 | 623,121 |

Nature of asset

The Water Licence pertains to the Consolidated Entity's Olive Grove property in Gingin, Western Australia. As at 30 June 2010, an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate member of the Australian Property Institute) revalued the water licence upwards by \$261,562 from the previous balance date. The Brand name pertains to the ultra premium Dandaragan Estate Olive Oil Brand.

19. RESOURCE PROJECTS

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|------|-------------|
| Deferred Exploration Expenditure | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of the year | - | 1,413,771 |
| Disposal of mining tenements through the sale of subsidiaries | - | (1,413,771) |
| Direct expenditure | - | 18,827 |
| Direct expenditure expensed | | (18,827) |
| Balance at end of the year | | - |

During the financial year, the Consolidated Entity did not engage in any mining activity.

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 20. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Trade payables | 57,317 | 16,349 |
| | Other creditors and accruals | 346,789 | 1,143,704 |
| | Dividend payable | 28,309 | 28,313 |
| | GST payable | | 4,738 |
| | | 432,415 | 1,193,104 |

(a) Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months

Other creditors and accruals include accruals for annual leave. The entire obligation is presented as current since the Consolidated Entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However based on past experience, the Consolidated Entity does not expect all employees to take the full amount of their accrued leave within the next 12 months. The following amount reflects leave that is not expected to be taken within the next 12 months.

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|--------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Annual leave obligation expected to be settled after 12 months | 71,465 | 92,690 |

(b) Risk exposure

Details of the Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks arising from current payables are set out in Note 26.

| 21. | PROVISIONS | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|--|---------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Employee benefits - long service leave | 153,502 | 152,461 |

The current provision for long service leave includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and accrued long service leave benefits. The entire obligation is presented as current since the Consolidated Entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However based on past experience, the Consolidated Entity does not expect all employees to take their full amount of the accrued long service leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The amounts above reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months.

22. TAX

| | | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|---|-----------|-------------|
| (a) | Assets - Non Current | \$ | \$ |
| | Deferred tax asset comprises: | | |
| | Provisions & accruals | 108,577 | 130,640 |
| | Revenue tax losses | 1,008,506 | 760,155 |
| | Other | 985,108 | 404,278 |
| | | 2,102,191 | 1,295,073 |
| (b) | Liabilities - Non Current | | |
| | Deferred tax liability comprises: | | |
| | Fair Value Gain Adjustments | 1,899,035 | 1,455,846 |
| | Other | 203,156 | 271,659 |
| | | 2,102,191 | 1,727,505 |
| (c) | Reconciliations | | |
| (i) | Gross movements | | |
| | The overall movement in the deferred tax account is as follows: | | |
| | Opening balance | (432,432) | (4,050,490) |
| | Charged to equity | (262,006) | - |
| | (Charged)/credited to profit or loss | 694,438 | 3,618,058 |
| | Closing balance | - | (432,432) |

for the year ended 30 June 2010

22. TAX (continued)

| The movement in deferred tax asset for each temporary difference during the year is as follows: Provisions & accruence with the profit or loss 130,640 | | (ii) | Deferred tax asset: | | | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-----|-------|--|------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Opening balance | | (11) | The movement in deferred tax asset for each temporary difference | | | \$ | \$ |
| Charged to profit or loss | | | Provisions & accruals | | | | |
| Charged to profit or loss | | | Opening balance | | | 130,640 | - |
| Closing balance 108.577 130.640 Revenue tax losses 109.677 130.640 1.000.575 | | | Charged to profit or loss | | | | 130,640 |
| Revenue ka losses | | | | | - | | |
| Charged to profit or loss 248,351 760,155 760,15 | | | | | • | | |
| Charged to profit or loss 248,351 760,155 760,15 | | | Opening balance | | | 760,155 | - |
| Closing balance | | | | | | | 760,155 |
| Other | | | | | - | | |
| Charged to profit or loss 1880,830 404,278 704 705 | | | | | • | | |
| Charged to profit or loss 1880,830 404,278 704 705 | | | Opening balance | | | 404,278 | - |
| Closing balance 1,295,073 | | | · | | | | 404.278 |
| Total | | | | | - | | |
| The overall movement in recognised deferred tax liabilities for each temporary difference is as follows: Fair Value Gain Adjustments Opening balance Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Other Opening balance Charged to equity Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged | | | | | • | | |
| The overall movement in recognised deferred tax liabilities for each temporary difference is as follows: Fair Value Gain Adjustments Opening balance Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Other Opening balance Charged to equity Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged to profit or loss Closing balance Charged to equity Charged | | (iii) | Deferred tax liability: | | | | |
| Opening balance 1,455,846 4,050,490 Charged to profit or loss 443,189 (2,594,644) Closing balance 1,899,035 1,455,846 Other 7 1,899,035 1,455,846 Other 271,659 - Charged to equity 262,006 - Charged to profit or loss (330,509) 271,659 Closing balance 203,156 271,659 Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 Total shares shares \$ \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 6,192,427 | | | The overall movement in recognised deferred tax liabilities for each | | | | |
| Charged to profit or loss 443,189 (2,594,644) Closing balance 1,899,035 1,455,846 Other 271,659 - Opening balance 262,006 - Charged to equity 203,156 271,659 Closing balance 203,156 271,659 Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 304,500 304,500 Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 40,924,27 6,192,427 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Fair Value Gain Adjustments</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | Fair Value Gain Adjustments | | | | |
| Closing balance | | | Opening balance | | | 1,455,846 | 4,050,490 |
| Closing balance | | | Charged to profit or loss | | | 443,189 | (2,594,644) |
| Opening balance 271,659 - Charged to equity 262,006 - Charged to profit or loss (330,509) 271,659 Closing balance 203,156 271,659 Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 Fully paid ordinary shares \$ \$ \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 At 1 July 2009 Date of shares \$ \$ At 30 June 2010 Expected by the shares of the shar | | | Closing balance | | - | | |
| Charged to equity 262,006 - Charged to profit or loss (330,509) 271,659 Closing balance 203,156 271,659 Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 \$ \$ \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304, | | | Other | | • | | |
| Charged to profit or loss (330,509) 271,659 Closing balance 203,156 271,659 Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 23. ISSUED CAPITAL 2010 2009 2010 2009 Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 5,887,927 5,887,927 5,887,927 5,887,927 6,192,427 6, | | | Opening balance | | | 271,659 | - |
| Closing balance 203,156 271,659 1,727,505 2,102,191 1,727,505 1,102,191 1, | | | Charged to equity | | | 262,006 | - |
| Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 Shares Shares \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 20,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,000 20,000,00 | | | Charged to profit or loss | | | (330,509) | 271,659 |
| Total 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 | | | Closing balance | | - | 203,156 | 271,659 |
| shares shares shares \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 6,192,427 6,192,427 6,192,427 Date of issue shares \$ At 1 July 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 30 June 2010 28,404,879 5,887,927 30 June 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td>Total</td> <td></td> <td>- -</td> <td></td> <td>1,727,505</td> | | | Total | | - - | | 1,727,505 |
| shares shares shares \$ Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 6,192,427 6,192,427 6,192,427 Date of issue shares \$ At 1 July 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 30 June 2010 28,404,879 5,887,927 30 June 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | |
| Fully paid ordinary shares 28,404,879 28,404,879 5,887,927 5,887,927 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 6,192,427 | 23. | ISS | UED CAPITAL | | | | |
| Partly paid ordinary shares 20,000,000 20,000,000 304,500 304,500 6,192,427 Date of shares \$ At 1 July 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 30 June 2010 28,404,879 5,887,927 30 June 2009 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | | | | | | |
| Date of Solution 1 State At 1 July 2009 | | | • | | | | |
| Date of Number of issue shares \$ At 1 July 2009 | | Partl | ly paid ordinary shares | 20,000,000 | 20,000,000 | | |
| 30 June 2010 At 1 July 2009 At 30 June 2010 At 30 June 2010 30 June 2009 At 1 July 2008 issue shares \$ 28,404,879 5,887,927 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | | | | = | 6,192,427 | 6,192,427 |
| At 1 July 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 At 30 June 2010 28,404,879 5,887,927 30 June 2009 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2010 28,404,879 5,887,927 30 June 2009 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | | | | issue | | |
| At 30 June 2010 30 June 2009 At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | At 1 | July 2009 | | | | 5,887,927 |
| At 1 July 2008 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | | | | - | | 5,887,927 |
| | | | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2009 28,404,879 5,887,927 | | At 1 | July 2008 | | | 28,404,879 - | 5,887,927 - |
| | | At 30 | 0 June 2009 | | - | 28,404,879 | 5,887,927 |

(a) Ordinary shares
Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends. There were no movements during the year for fully paid ordinary shares.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

23. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

(b) Partly paid ordinary shares

There were no movements during the year for partly paid ordinary shares.

At any meeting, each shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote for each ordinary fully paid share held either upon a show of hands or by a poll. Holders of partly paid shares have a fraction of a vote for each partly paid share held with the fractional vote of each share being equivalent to the proportion which the amount actually paid (not credited) for that share is of the total amounts paid and payable (excluding amounts credited) for that share. Amounts paid in advance of a call are ignored when calculating proportions. The holder of a partly paid share is not entitled to vote at a meeting in respect of those shares on which calls are outstanding. No voting rights are attached to the Consolidated Entity's options on issue.

The profits of the Consolidated Entity, which the Directors may from time to time determine to distribute to shareholders by way of dividends, will be divisible amongst the shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on the shares held by them. An amount paid in advance of a call is not to be included as an amount paid on a share for the purposes of calculating entitlement to dividends for such share.

(c) Capital risk management

The Consolidated Entity's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a capital structure balancing the interests of all shareholders.

The Board will consider capital management initiatives as is appropriate and in the best interests of the Consolidated Entity and shareholders from time to time, including undertaking capital raisings, share buy backs, capital reductions and the payment of dividends.

The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

| . RESERVES | | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Option Premium Reserve | - | 2,138,012 | 2,138,012 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 16 | 162,697 | 176,422 |
| | 18 | • | |
| Intangibles | 16 _ | 256,867 | 131,211 |
| | | 419,564 | 307,633 |
| Deferred tax liability movement | _ | (125,869) | - |
| Asset revaluation reserve | - | 293,695 | 307,633 |
| Total reserves | = | 2,431,707 | 2,445,645 |
| Movement of asset revaluation reserve | | | |
| Opening balance | | 307,633 | 289,581 |
| Asset revaluation reserve brought to account | | 111,931 | 18,052 |
| Deferred tax liability movement | _ | (125,869) | |
| Closing balance | _ | 293,695 | 307,633 |
| | - | | |

The Option Premium Reserve comprised consideration received on the issue of options in prior years which have lapsed.

The Asset Revaluation Reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets. The Asset Revaluation Reserve relates to the revaluation of OEQ's Olive Grove Land from cost of \$1,228,450 to \$1,199,881 and the Water Licence from a cost of \$523,125 to \$784,687, as assessed by an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate member of the Australian Property Institute). The movement in the Asset revaluation reserve relates to the Consolidated Entity's share of OEQ's revaluation.

for the year ended 30 June 2010

25. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Consolidated Entity has applied AASB 8 "Operating Segments" from 1 July 2009 as described in Note 1. The Board has determined $that \ the \ Consolidated \ Entity \ operates \ only \ in \ Australia \ with \ segments \ in \ Investments \ and \ Olive \ Grove \ this \ financial \ year. \ The \ investments$ comprise of investments in shares, land and an Associate entity. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities. The current operating segments are the same as that reported in the financial statements as at 30 June 2009 (save for the resources segment).

| | | Investments | | Resources | Unallocated | Total |
|------|---|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 201 | 0 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Tota | Il segment revenue | 3,461,308 | 1,200,987 | - | 136,490 | 4,798,785 |
| Adju | isted EBITDA | 2,442,830 | 177,857 | - | (1,283,335) | 1,337,352 |
| Tota | ıl segment asset | 17,965,361 | 3,725,056 | - | - | 21,690,417 |
| Tota | al segment liabilities | (116,455) | (147,245) | - | - | (263,700) |
| 200 | 9 | | | | | |
| Tota | al segment revenue | 508,002 | 311,530 | 16,961,679 | 216,894 | 17,998,105 |
| Adju | isted EBITDA | (1,792,449) | (80,979) | 16,942,852 | (1,776,108) | 13,293,316 |
| Tota | ıl segment asset | 18,464,380 | 2,869,244 | - | - | 21,333,624 |
| Tota | al segment liabilities | - | (830,032) | - | - | (830,032) |
| (a) | Other segment information | | | | 2010 | 2009 |
| (i) | Segment revenues | | | | \$ | \$ |
| | Any sales between segments are carried out at a | rm's length and are | eliminated on cor | nsolidation. | | |
| | Total segment revenue | | | | 4,662,295 | 17,781,211 |
| | Unallocated: | | | | | |
| | Interest received - other | | | | 136,082 | 216,894 |
| | Gain on sale of assets | | | | 408 | - |
| | Total revenue from continuing operations (| (Note 3) | | | 4,798,785 | 17,998,105 |
| | | | | | | |

(ii) Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)

The adjusted EBITDA excludes net change in fair value in investments and impairment of assets.

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 1,337,352 | 13,293,316 |
| Interest revenue | 136,082 | 216,894 |
| Gain on sale of assets | 408 | - |
| Revaluation of trees | (327,580) | (188,500) |
| Impairment of property held for development and resale | (950,000) | (1,200,000) |
| Net change in fair value in investments | - | (28,480,000) |
| Finance cost | (8,775) | (5,180) |
| Realisation cost of share portfolio provision/(written back) | 1,072 | - |
| Fixed assets written off | (2,986) | (135) |
| Depreciation | (129,959) | (160,467) |
| Loss before income tax | 55,614 | (16,524,072) |

for the year ended 30 June 2010

| 25. | SEG | MENT INFORMATION (continued) | 2010 | 2009 |
|-----|-------|--|-------------|-------------|
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | (iii) | Segment assets | 21,690,417 | 21,333,624 |
| | | Unallocated: | | |
| | | Cash and cash equivalents | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |
| | | Trade and other receivables | 159,786 | 91,084 |
| | | Other current assets | - | 5,294 |
| | | Property, plant and equipment | - | 37,133 |
| | | Deferred tax asset | 2,102,191 | 1,295,073 |
| | | Total assets as per the Statement of Financial Position | 26,538,375 | 26,202,296 |
| | | | | |
| | (iv) | Segment liabilities | (263,700) | (830,032) |
| | | Unallocated: | | |
| | | Trade and other payables | (168,715) | (363,072) |
| | | Provisions | (153,502) | (152,461) |
| | | Deferred tax liability | (2,102,191) | (1,727,505) |
| | | Total liabilities as per the Statement of Financial Position | (2,688,108) | (3,073,070) |

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Entity's financial instruments comprise of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable and investments in listed securities. The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity is the management of these investments - "financial assets held at fair value" (refer to Note 11). The Consolidated Entity's investments are subject to price (which includes interest rate and market risk), credit and liquidity risks.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall internal control framework (which includes risk management) but no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The system is based, in part, on the appointment of suitably qualified management personnel. The effectiveness of the system is continually reviewed by management and at least annually by the Board.

The financial receivables and payables of the Consolidated Entity in the table below are due or payable within 30 days. The financial investments are held for trading and are realised at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Entity hold the following financial instruments:

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Financial assets | \$ | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |
| Trade and other receivables | 178,754 | 97,573 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 8,629,841 | 7,925,039 |
| | 11,394,576 | 11,462,700 |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Trade and other payables | (432,415) | (1,193,104) |
| | (432,415) | (1,193,104) |
| | | |
| Net Financial Assets | 10,962,161 | 10,269,596 |

for the year ended 30 June 2010

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market Risk

Price risk

The Consolidated Entity is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Consolidated Entity and classified in the balance sheet at fair value through profit or loss. The Consolidated Entity are not exposed to commodity price risk, save where this has an indirect impact via market risk and equity securities price risk.

The value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments in the market. The Consolidated Entity will be subject to market risk as it invests its capital in securities that are not risk free - the market price of these securities can and will fluctuate. The Consolidated Entity does not manage this risk through entering into derivative contracts, futures, options or

Equity price risk is minimised through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with Board established mandate limits and investment strategies.

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis on its exposure to market price risk at balance date. The analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. As a material portion of the listed investments comprise of Strike Resources Limited (ASX code: SRK) and Alara Resources Limited (ASX code: AUQ) shares, the SRK and AUQ share prices were utilised as the benchmark for the listed share investments. The unlisted options in SRK is sensitive to the underlying SRK share price.

| Equity Price risk - listed investments | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Change in profit | \$ | \$ |
| Increase by 15% | 1,111,102 | 1,018,733 |
| Decrease by 15% | (1,111,102) | (1,018,733) |
| Change in equity | | |
| Increase by 15% | 1,111,102 | 1,018,733 |
| Decrease by 15% | (1,111,102) | (1,018,733) |
| Equity Price risk - unlisted investments | | |
| Change in profit | | |
| Increase by 15% | 375,442 | 193,762 |
| Decrease by 15% | (375,442) | (193,762) |
| Change in equity | | |
| Increase by 15% | 375,442 | 193,762 |
| Decrease by 15% | (375,442) | (193,762) |

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to investments held in interest bearing instruments. The average interest rate of the term deposits for the year for the table below is 5.93% (2009: 5.95%).

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cash at bank | 940,709 | 410,828 |
| Term deposit | 1,645,272 | 3,029,260 |
| | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |

The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings and no material exposure to interest rate risk.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Consolidated Entity is not exposed to foreign exchange risk as at Balance Date. The Consolidated Entity's current policy is not to hedge any overseas currency exposure.

The Consolidated Entity has no foreign exchange funds or investments, therefore no asset or liability exposure to foreign exchange risk. There is no revenue or expense exposure in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity.

for the year ended 30 June 2010

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty under a financial instrument will default (in whole or in part) on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Consolidated Entity. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by undertaking appropriate due diligence on potential investments, carrying out all market transactions through approved brokers, settling non-market transactions with the involvement of suitably qualified legal and accounting personnel (both internal and external), and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security (where appropriate) as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Consolidated Entity's business activities do not necessitate the requirement for collateral as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The credit quality of the financial assets are neither past due nor impaired and can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available with Standard & Poor's) or to historical information about counterparty default rates. The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised below:

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | \$ |
| AA | 1,568,285 | 2,438,460 |
| BBB+ | 1,017,696 | 1,001,628 |
| | 2,585,981 | 3,440,088 |
| Trade and other receivables (due within 30 days) | | _ |
| No external credit rating available | 178,754 | 97,573 |

The Consolidated Entity measures credit risk on a fair value basis. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any provision for losses, represents the Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet trade and other payables arising in the normal course of business. The financial liabilities disclosed in the above table have a maturity obligation of not more than 30 days.

(d) Fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes

As at 1 July 2009, the Consolidated Entity has adopted the amendment to AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures which requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices), and
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The following table presents the Consolidated Entity's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2010. Comparative information has not been provided as permitted by the transitional provisions of AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Consolidated - 2010 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Assets | | | | |
| Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss | | | | |
| - Listed investments at fair value | 7,669,346 | - | - | 7,669,346 |
| - Unlisted options in listed corporations at cost | - | 960,495 | - | 960,495 |

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market, that is, the unlisted Strike Resources Limited options is determined from a Black Scholes option pricing model. This financial instrument is included in level 2.

2009

2010

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2010

27. COMMITMENTS

| | \$ | \$ |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Not longer than one year | 82,633 | 91,772 |
| Between 12 months and 5 years | 170,384 | 219,001 |
| | 253,017 | 310,773 |

The non-cancellable operating lease commitment is the Consolidated Entity's share of the office premises at Level 14, The Forrest Centre, 221 St Georges Terrace, Perth, Western Australia, and includes all outgoings (exclusive of GST). The lease is for a 7 year term expiring 30 June 2013 and contains a rent review increase each year alternating between 5% and the greater of market rate or CPI + 1%.

28. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(a) Directors' Deeds

The Company and OEQ have entered into deeds of indemnity with each of their Directors indemnifying them against liability incurred in discharging their duties as directors/officers of the Company. At the end of the financial period, no claims have been made under any such indemnities and accordingly, it is not possible to quantify the potential financial obligation of the Consolidated Entity under these indemnities.

(b) Royalty on Tenements

The Consolidated Entity is entitled to receive a royalty of 2% of gross revenues (exclusive of GST) from any commercial exploitation of any minerals from various Australian tenements - EL 47/1328 and PL 47/1170 (the Paulsens East Project tenements currently held by Strike Resources Limited), EL 24879, 24928 and 24929 and ELA 24927 (the Bigryli South Project tenements in the Northern Territory, currently held by Alara Resources Limited (Alara)), EL 09/1253 (a Mt James Project tenement in Western Australia, currently held by Alara) and EL 46/629 and a right to earn and acquire a 85% interest in ELA 46/585 (excluding all manganese mineral rights) (the Canning Well Project tenements in Western Australia, currently held by Alara).

29. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial period that significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future financial

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and accompanying notes as set out on pages 19 to 47 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting; and
 - give a true and fair view of the Company's and Consolidated Entity's financial position as (b) at 30 June 2010 and of its performance for the year ended on that date;
- 2. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- 3. The remuneration disclosures set out in the Directors' Report on page 13 to 15 (as the audited Remuneration Report) comply with section 300A of the Corporate Act 2001;
- The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations 4. Act 2001 by the Executive Chairman and Managing Director (the person who performs the chief executive function) and the Company Secretary (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the chief financial officer function); and
- The Company has included in the notes to the Financial Statements an explicit and unreserved 5. statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Faroog Khan Chairman

31 August 2010

Simon Cato Director



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF QUESTE COMMUNICATION LTD

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Queste Communications Ltd, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001* would be in the same terms if it had been given to the directors at the time that this auditor's report was made.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 79 112 284 787 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd and BDO (Australia) Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tasmania.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

the financial report of Queste Communications Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including,

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (a) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 13 to 15 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2010. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Queste Communicataions Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2010, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Boo Audit

Chris Burton Director

Perth, Western Australia
Dated this 31st day of August 2010

Compliance with Corporate Governance Council's **Principles**

The extent to which the Company has followed the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (2^{nd} Edition, August 2007) is as follows:

| Principle | Compliance | CGS References / Comments |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight | | |
| Companies should establish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of board and management | | |
| 1.1 Companies should establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions. | Yes | 2, 3.3, 4.1, 4.2 |
| 1.2 Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives. | Yes | 3.11 |
| 1.3 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 1. | Yes | Annual Report Website |
| The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report: | | CGS |
| • an explanation of any departure from Recommendations 1.1, 1.2 or 1.3; and | | |
| whether a performance evaluation for senior executives has taken place in the reporting period and whether it was in accordance with the process disclosed. | | |
| A statement of matters reserved for the board or the board charter or the statement of areas of delegated authority to senior executives should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section. | | |
| Principle 2: Structure the board to add value | | |
| Companies should have a board of an effective composition size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties | | |
| 2.1 A majority of the board should be independent directors. | No | 3.5 |
| 2.2 The chair should be an independent director. | No | 3.2, 3.5 |
| 2.3 The roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual. | No | 3.2 |
| 2.4 The board should establish a nomination committee. | No | 4.2 |
| 2.5 Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors. | Yes | 3.11 |
| 2.6 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 2. | Yes (as applicable) | Annual Report Website |
| The following material should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report: | (as applicable) | CGS |
| the skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of director held by each director in office at the date of the annual report; | | |
| the names of the directors considered by the board to constitute independent directors and the company's materiality thresholds; | | |
| the existence of any of the relationships listed in Box 2.1 and an explanation of why the board considers a director to be independent, notwithstanding the existence of these relationships; | | |
| a statement as to whether there is a procedure agreed by the board for directors to take independent professional advice at the expense of the company; | | |
| • the period of office held by each director in office at the date of the annual report; | | |
| the names of members of the nomination committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee, or where a company does not have a nomination committee, how the functions of a nomination committee are carried out; | | |
| whether a performance evaluation for the board, its committees and directors has | | |

| Principle | Compliance | CGS References / Comments |
|--|-----------------|--|
| taken place in the reporting period and whether it was in accordance with the process disclosed; and | ļ. | |
| an explanation of any departures from Recommendations 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5 or 2.6. | | |
| The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section: | | |
| a description of the procedure for the selection and appointment of new directors and the re-election of incumbent directors; | | |
| the charter of the nomination committee or a summary of the role, rights, responsibilities and membership requirements for that committee; and | | |
| the board's policy for the nomination and appointment of directors. | | |
| Principle 3: Promote ethical and responsible decision-making | | |
| Companies should actively promote ethical and responsible decision-making | | |
| 3.1 Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code as to: | No | 6 |
| 3.1.1 the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the company's integrity; | | |
| 3.1.2 the practices necessary to take into account their legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of their stakeholders; | | tters covered by a code of essed by other policies |
| 3.1.3 the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices; | | , |
| 3.2 Companies should establish a policy concerning trading in company securities by directors, officers and employees and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. | Yes | 3.8 |
| 3.3 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 3. | Yes | Annual Report Website |
| An explanation of any departures from Recommendations 3.1, 3.2 or 3.3 should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report. | | CGS |
| The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section: | | |
| any applicable code of conduct or a summary; and | | |
| the trading policy or a summary of its main provisions. | | |
| Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in financial reporting | | |
| Companies should have a structure to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of their financial reporting | | |
| 4.1 The board should establish an audit committee. | No | 4.2 |
| 4.2 Structure the audit committee so that it: | Not applicable | See CGS 4.2 |
| consists only of non-executive directors; | | |
| consists of a majority of independent directors; | | |
| is chaired by an independent chair, who is not chair of the board; and | | |
| has at least three members. | | |
| 4.3 The audit committee should have a formal charter. | Not applicable | See CGS 4.2 |
| 4.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on | Yes | Annual Report |
| Principle 4. | (as applicable) | Website |
| The following material should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report: | | CGS |
| details of the names and qualifications of those appointed to the audit committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee or, where a company does not have an audit committee, how the functions of an audit committee are carried out; | | |
| the number of meetings of the audit committee and the names of the attendees; and | | |

| Principle | Compliance | CGS References / Comments |
|---|------------|-------------------------------|
| • explanation of any departures from Recommendations 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 or 4.4. | | |
| The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section: | | |
| the audit committee charter; and | | |
| information on procedures for the selection and appointment of the external auditor and for the rotation of external audit engagement partners. | | |
| Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure | | |
| Companies should promote timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the company | | |
| 5.1 Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies. | Yes | 7.1, 8.2 |
| 5.2 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 5. | Yes | Annual Report Website |
| An explanation of any departures from Recommendations 5.1 or 5.2 should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report. | | CGS |
| The policies or a summary of those policies designed to guide compliance with Listing Rule disclosure requirements should be made publicly available, ideally by posting them to the company's web site in a clearly marked corporate governance section. | | |
| Principle 6: Respect the rights of shareholders Companies should respect the rights of shareholders and facilitate the effective exercise of | | |
| those rights | | |
| 6.1 Companies should design and disclose a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy. | Yes | 8.1 |
| 6.2 Companies should provide the information indicated in Guide to Reporting on Principle 6. | Yes | Annual Report Website |
| An explanation of any departures from best practice Recommendations 6.1 or 6.2 should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report. | | CGS |
| The company should describe how it will communicate with its shareholders publicly, ideally by posting the information on the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section. | | |
| Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk | | |
| Companies should establish a sound system of risk oversight and management and internal control | | |
| 7.1 Companies should establish policies for oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies. | Yes | 7.1 |
| 7.2 The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks. | Yes | 7.1 |
| 7.3 The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. | Yes | 7.1 |
| 7.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 7. | Yes | Annual Report Website |
| The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report: | | CGS |
| an explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 7.1, 7.2, 7.3 or 7.4; | | |
| 7.1 Companies should establish policies for oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies. 7.2 The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks. 7.3 The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. 7.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 7. The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report: • an explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 7.1, 7.2, 7.3 | Yes | 7.1 7.1 Annual Report Website |

| Principle | Compliance | CGS References / Comments |
|---|---------------------|--|
| whether the board has received the report from management under Recommendation 7.2; and | | |
| whether the board has received assurances from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) under Recommendation 7.3. | | |
| The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section: | | |
| a summary of the company's policies on risk oversight and management of material business risks. | | |
| Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly Companies should ensure that the level and composition of remuneration is sufficient and reasonable and that its relationship to performance is clear | | |
| 8.1 The board should establish a remuneration committee. | No | 4.2 |
| 8.2 Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives. | Yes | Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report |
| 8.3 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 8. | Yes (as applicable) | Annual Report Website |
| The following material or a clear cross-reference to the location of the material should be included in the corporate governance statement in the annual report: | | CGS |
| the names of the members of the remuneration committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee or, where a company does not have a remuneration committee, how the functions of a remuneration committee are carried out; | | |
| the existence and terms of any schemes for retirement benefits, other than superannuation, for non-executive directors; and | | |
| an explanation of any departure from Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 or 8.3. | | |
| The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly marked corporate governance section: | | |
| the charter of the remuneration committee or a summary of the role, rights, responsibilities and membership requirements for that committee; and | | |
| a summary of the company's policy on prohibiting entering into transactions in associated products which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity-based remuneration schemes. | | |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE **STATEMENT (CGS)**

Framework and Approach to Corporate Governance and Responsibility

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. Good corporate governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders.

The Board of Directors supports the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("Council"). Company's practices are largely consistent with the Council's guidelines - the Board considers that the implementation of some recommendations are not appropriate having regard to the nature and scale of the Company's activities and size of the Board. The Board uses its best endeavours to ensure exceptions to the Council's guidelines do not have a negative impact on the Company and the best interests of shareholders as a

Details of the Council's recommendations can be found on the ASX website at:

http://www.asx.com.au/about/corporate_governance/revised_corp $\stackrel{\cdot}{\text{orate_governance_principles_recommendations.htm}}$

2. **Board of Directors - Role and** Responsibilities

In general the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. The Board is also responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company, and recognises the need for the highest standards of behaviour and accountability in acting in the best interests of the Company as a whole. The Board also ensures that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal or The Board has the final regulatory obligations. responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.

Where the Board considers that particular expertise or information is required, which is not available from within their number, appropriate external advice may be taken and reviewed prior to a final decision being made by the

Without intending to limit the general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the matters set out below, subject to delegation as specified elsewhere in this Statement or as otherwise appropriate:

- formulation and approval of the strategic direction, (1) objectives and goals of the Company;
- the prudential control of the Company's finances (2)and operations and monitoring the financial performance of the Company;
- the resourcing, review and monitoring of executive (3) management;

- (4) ensuring that adequate internal control systems and procedures exist and that compliance with these systems and procedures is maintained;
- the identification of significant business risks and (5)ensuring that such risks are adequately managed;
- the timeliness, accuracy and effectiveness of (6)communications and reporting to shareholders and the market:
- (7) the establishment and maintenance of appropriate ethical standards;
- responsibilities typically assumed by an audit (8) committee including:
 - reviewing and approving the audited annual and reviewed half-yearly financial reports; and
 - reviewing the appointment of the external (b) auditor, their independence, the audit fee, and any questions of resignation or dismissal:
- (9)responsibilities typically assumed by remuneration committee including:
 - the reviewing remuneration and performance of Directors:
 - (b) policies for Executives' remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of employment for Executives, reviews of Executives' undertaking performance, including setting goals and reviewing progress in achieving those goals; and
 - (c) reviewing the Company's Executive and employee incentive schemes and making recommendations on any proposed changes; and
- responsibilities typically assumed by a nomination (10)committee including:
 - devising criteria for Board membership, regularly reviewing the need for various skills and experience on the Board and identifying specific individuals nomination as Directors; and
 - (b) oversight of Board and Executive succession plans.

3. Board of Directors - Composition, Structure and Process

The Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties given the current size and the scale and nature of the Company's activities. The names of the Directors in office currently and during the 2009/2010 year and their qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2010.

3.1. Skills, Knowledge and Experience

Directors are appointed based on the specific corporate and governance skills and experience required by the The Board recognises its need to contain Directors with a relevant blend of personal experience in accounting and finance, law, financial and investment markets, financial management and public company

administration and Director-level business or corporate experience, having regard to the scale and nature of the Company's activities. A Director is initially appointed by the Board and retires (and may stand for re-election) at the next Annual General Meeting after their appointment.

Executive Chairman and Managing Director 3.2.

The Executive Chairman/Managing Director leads the Board and has responsibility for ensuring that the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information to enable Directors to perform their duties as a Board. Executive Chairman and Managing Director of the Company is Mr Faroog Khan, whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2010.

3.3. **Non-Executive Directors**

The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer. Three of the current Board's four Directors are Non-Executive Directors - Mr Yagoob Khan, Mr Azhar Chaudhri and Mr Simon Cato. Their qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2010.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and is responsible for developing and maintaining the information systems and processes that are appropriate for the Board to fulfil its role and is responsible to the Board for ensuring compliance with Board procedures and governance matters. The Company Secretary is also responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. The Company Secretary is Mr Victor Ho, whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2010.

3.5. Independence

An independent Director, in the view of the Company, is a Non-Executive Director who:

- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- within the last 3 years has not been employed in (2) an Executive capacity by the Company;
- (3)within the last 3 years has not been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another group member, or an employee materially associated with the provision of material professional or consulting services;
- is not a material supplier or customer of the (4) Company, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or
- (5) has no material contractual relationship with the Company other than as a Director of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other (6)relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Mr Farooq Khan (Executive Chairman and Managing Director) is not regarded as an independent Director, being an Executive Director of the Company and being a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Mr Azhar Chaudhri is not regarded as an independent Director as he does not meet the above criteria for independence adopted by the Company, being a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Mr Yaqoob Khan is regarded as an independent Director under the criteria referred to above, notwithstanding he is a relative of both Messrs Farooq Khan and Azhar Chaudhri.

Mr Simon Cato is regarded as an independent Director under the criteria referred to above.

Conflicts of Interest

To ensure that Directors are at all times acting in the interests of the Company, Directors must:

- disclose to the Board actual or potential conflicts of interest that may or might reasonably be thought to exist between the interests of the Director or his duties to any other parties and the interests of the Company in carrying out the activities of the Company; and
- if requested by the Board, within 7 days or such (2)further period as may be permitted, take such necessary and reasonable steps to remove any conflict of interest.

If a Director cannot or is unwilling to remove a conflict of interest then the Director must, as per the Corporations Act, absent himself from the room when Board discussion and/or voting occurs on matters to which the conflict relates (save with the approval of the remaining Directors and subject to the Corporations Act).

3.7. **Related-Party Transactions**

Related party transactions include any financial transaction between a Director and the Company as defined in the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules. Unless there is an exemption under the Corporations Act from the requirement to obtain shareholder approval for the related party transaction, the Board cannot approve the transaction. The Company also discloses related party transactions in its financial report as required under relevant Accounting Standards.

Share Dealings and Disclosures 3.8.

The Company's policy regarding Directors, Executives and employees dealing in its securities is set by the Board. The Board prohibits (a) subscribing for, purchasing or selling Company securities or entering into an agreement to do any of those things and (b) advising or encouraging another person (including a family member, friend, associate, colleague, family company or family trust) to trade in Company securities whilst in possession of market-sensitive information, prior to disclosure of that information to the market and thereafter until adequate time has elapsed for this to be reflected in the security's price, in accordance with the Corporations Act.

The Board also prohibits communicating inside information to any other person when Directors, Executives and employees should reasonably know that they may deal in the Company's securities or encourage another person to

do so. Executives/employees and Directors are required to consult the Chairman and the Board respectively, prior to dealing in securities in the Company or other companies with which the Company has a relationship. Consent will not be given during certain "blackout" periods before key reporting dates or while inside information exists. Executives/employees and Directors must inform the Company Secretary of all transactions they enter into involving the Company's securities to enable disclosure to the market, where required.

Board Nominations

The Board will consider nominations for appointment or election of Directors that may arise from time to time having regard to the corporate and governance skills required by the Company and procedures outlined in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

3.10. Terms of Appointment as a Director

The current Directors of the Company have not been appointed for fixed terms. The constitution of the Company provides that a Director (other than any Managing Director) may not retain office for more than three calendar years or beyond the third Annual General Meeting following their election, whichever is longer, without submitting himself or herself for re-election. One third of the Directors (save for any Managing Director) must retire each year and are eligible for re-election. The Directors who retire by rotation at each Annual General Meeting are those with the longest length of time in office since their appointment or last election.

The initial appointment and last re-election dates of each Director are listed below.

| Director | Appointed | AGM Last Re-elected | | |
|----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Farooq Khan | 10 March 1998 | N/A – being the | | |
| | | Managing Director | | |
| Yaqoob Khan | 10 March 1998 | 18 November 2009 | | |
| Azhar Chaudhri | 4 August 1998 | 20 November 2008 | | |
| Simon Cato | 11 February 2008 | 20 November 2008 (standing for re- election at 2010 AGM) | | |

3.11. Performance Review and Evaluation

It is the policy of the Board to ensure that the Directors and Executives of the Company be equipped with the knowledge and information they need to discharge their responsibilities effectively and that individual and collective performance is regularly and fairly reviewed. Directors are encouraged to attend director training and professional development courses, as required, at the Company's expense. New directors will have access to all employees to gain full background on the Company's operations. Although the Company is not of a size to warrant the development of formal processes for evaluating the performance of its Board, individual Directors and Executives, there is on-going monitoring by the Chairman and the Board. The Non-Executive Directors are responsible for reviewing the performance and remuneration of the Executive Chairman/Managing Director. The Chairman also speaks to Directors individually regarding their role and performance as a Director.

3.12. Meetings of the Board

The Chairman and Company Secretary schedule formal Board meetings whenever necessary to deal with specific matters requiring attention. Circulatory Resolutions are also utilised where appropriate either in place of or in addition to formal Board meetings.

Each member of the Board is committed to spending sufficient time to enable them to carry out their duties as a Director of the Company.

It is recognised and accepted that Board members may also concurrently serve on other boards, either in an executive or non-executive capacity.

3.13. Independent Professional Advice

Subject to prior consultation with the Chairman, each Director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice at the Company's expense concerning any aspect of the Company's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as Directors.

3.14. Company Information and Confidentiality

All Directors have the right of access to all relevant Company books and to Company Executives. accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical standards, Directors and Executives of the Company have agreed to keep confidential all information received in the course of the exercise of their duties and will not disclose non-public information except where disclosure is authorised or legally mandated.

3.15. Directors' Deeds

The Company has also entered into a deed with each of the current Directors and the Company Secretary to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Director, both during the time the Director holds office and after the Director ceases to be an officer of the Company (or of any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries). A summary of the terms of such deeds is contained within the Remuneration Report in the Director's Report for the year ended 30 June 2010 and in the 2005 Notice of AGM dated 18 October 2005.

Management

Executives

The Managing Director is responsible and accountable to the Board for the Company's management. Company's Executive Chairman and Managing Director roles are fulfilled by one person - Mr Farooq Khan. The Company presently has one other Executive Officer being the Company Secretary. The Board considers that the Company is not currently of a size, nor are its affairs of such complexity, to justify the expense of the appointment of an independent Non-Executive Chairman.

The Board is of the opinion that all Directors exercise and bring to bear an unfettered and independent judgement towards their duties and the Board is satisfied that Mr Farooq Khan as both Chairman and as Managing Director plays an important role in the continued success and performance of the Company and is able to and does bring quality and independent judgment to all relevant issues falling within the scope of the role of a Chairman and does not consider that his dual role in any way diminishes the efficient organisation and conduct of the Board's overall function.

The Company does not have a Chief Financial Officer. The has determined that Chairman/Managing Director is the appropriate person to make the Chief Executive Officer equivalent declaration and the Company Secretary is the appropriate person to make the Chief Financial Officer equivalent declaration in respect of the year ended 30 June 2010, as required under section 295A of the Corporations Act and recommended by the Council.

Board and Management Committees

In view of the current composition of the Board (which comprises three Non-Executive Directors and one Executive Chairman/Managing Director) and the nature and scale of the Company's activities, the Board has considered that establishing formally-constituted committees for audit, board nominations remuneration is not necessary or required.

Accordingly audit matters, the nomination of new Directors and the setting, or review, of remuneration levels of Directors and Executives are reviewed by the Board as a whole and approved by resolution of the Board (with abstentions from relevant Directors where there is a conflict of interest). That is, matters typically dealt with by audit, nominations and remuneration committees are dealt with by the full Board.

Remuneration Policy

Please refer to the Remuneration Report in the Director's Report for the year ended 30 June 2010. Directors do not currently have any equity-based remuneration.

Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards

The Company was not of a size that warranted the establishment of a formal code of conduct that guides compliance with obligations to stakeholders during the year ended 30 June 2010. However, the Company's policies are focussed on ensuring that all Directors, Executives and employees act with the utmost integrity and objectivity in carrying out their duties and responsibilities, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company. Many of the items commonly found in a code of conduct are covered by the Company's policies designed to deal with compliance risk identified in section 7.1 of this Statement.

7. Internal Control, Risk Management and **Audit**

7.1. Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall internal control framework (which includes risk management) and oversight of the Company's policies on and management of risks that have the potential to impact significantly on operations, financial performance or reputation.

The Board recognises that no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The system is based, in part, on the appointment of suitably- qualified and experienced service providers and suitably-qualified and experienced management personnel. The effectiveness of the system is monitored and reviewed by management on an on-going basis and at least annually by the Board.

On a day-to-day basis, managing the various risks inherent in the Company's operations is the responsibility of the Executive Directors and the Company Secretary.

Risks facing the Company can be divided into the broad categories of operations, compliance and market risks.

Operations risk refers to risks arising from day to day operational activities which may result in direct or indirect loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, decisionmaking, exercise of judgment, people or systems or external events. The Executive Chairman/Managing Director and the Company Secretary have delegated responsibility from the Board for identification of operations risks generally, for putting processes in place to mitigate them and monitoring compliance with those processes. The Company has clear accounting and internal control systems to manage risks to the accuracy of financial information and other financial risks.

Compliance risk is the risk of failure to comply with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements and industry standards and the corresponding impact on the Company's business, reputation and financial condition. Company's compliance risk management strategy ensures compliance with key legislation affecting the Company's activities.

A key principle of the Company's compliance risk management strategy is to foster an integrated approach where line managers are responsible and accountable for compliance, within their job descriptions and within overall quidance developed by the Company Secretary assisted by the General Counsel.

The Company's compliance strategy is kept current with advice from senior external professionals and the ongoing training of Executives and other senior personnel involved in compliance management.

The Company has policies on responsible business practices and ethical behaviour including conflict of interest and share trading policies to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity and ensure legal compliance.

Market risk encompasses risks to the Company's performance from changes in equity prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates, capital markets and economic conditions generally. The Board assesses the Company's exposure to these risks and sets the strategic direction for managing them.

The Company's approach to risk management is not stationary; it evolves constantly in response to developments in operations and changing market conditions.

The Board has determined that the Executive Chairman/Managing Director is the appropriate person to make the Chief Executive Officer equivalent declaration and the Company Secretary is the appropriate person to make the Chief Financial Officer equivalent declaration in respect of the year ended 30 June 2010, on the risk management and internal compliance and control systems recommended by the Council.

The Board has received assurances from the Executive Chairman/Managing Director and the Company Secretary that the declarations they provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Management has reported to the Board as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks.

7.2. **Audit**

The Company's external auditor (Auditor) is selected for its professional competence, reputation and the provision of value for professional fees. Within the audit firm, the partner responsible for the conduct of the Company's audits is rotated every three years.

The Auditor is invited to attend the Company's annual general meetings to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Auditor's report.

8. Communications

8.1. **Market and Shareholder Communications**

The Company is owned by shareholders. Increasing shareholder value is the Company's key mission. Shareholders require an understanding of the Company's operations and performance to enable them to see how that mission is being fulfilled. The Directors are the shareholders' representatives. In order to properly perform their role, the Directors need to be able to ascertain the shareholders' views on matters affecting the Company.

The Board therefore considers it paramount to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company and have the opportunity to communicate their views on the Company to the Board. Information is communicated to shareholders and the market through various means including:

- monthly NTA Backing announcements released to ASX, which are posted on the Company's website;
- (2)the Annual Report which is distributed to shareholders if they have elected to receive a printed version and is otherwise available for viewing and downloading from the Company's website;
- (3) the Annual General Meeting (AGM) and other general meetings called in accordance with the Corporations Act and to obtain shareholder approvals as appropriate. The Executive Chairman/Managing Director gives an address at the AGM updating shareholders on the Company's investment activities;
- Half-Yearly Directors' and Financial Reports which (4) are posted on the Company's website; and
- other announcements released to ASX as required (5) under the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and other information that may be mailed to shareholders, which is also posted on the Company's website.

Shareholders communicate with Directors through various means including:

- having the opportunity to ask questions of Directors at all general meetings;
- the presence of the external auditor at Annual (2)General Meetings to take shareholder questions on any issue relevant to their capacity as auditor;
- the Company's policy of expecting Directors to be (3)available to meet shareholders at Annual General Meetings; and
- (4) the Company making Directors and selected senior employees available to answer shareholder questions submitted by telephone, email and other

The Company actively promotes communication with shareholders through a variety of measures, including the use of the Company's website and email. The Company's reports and ASX announcements may be viewed and downloaded from its website: www.queste.com.au or the ASX website: www.asx.com.au under ASX code "QUE". The Company also maintains an email list for the distribution of the Company's announcements via email in a timely manner.

Continuous Disclosure to ASX

The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to ASX as well as communicating with ASX

In accordance with the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rule 3.1 the Company immediately notifies ASX of information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities, subject to exceptions permitted by that rule. A reasonable person is taken to expect information to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities if the information would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

All staff are required to inform their reporting manager of any potentially price-sensitive information concerning the Company as soon as they become aware of it. Reporting managers are in turn required to inform the Executive Director to whom they report or, in their absence, another Executive Director of any potentially price-sensitive information.

In general, the Company will not respond to market speculation or rumours unless ASX or an applicable law requires it to do so.

Only the Directors and employees who have been authorised by them may speak on the Company's behalf to the media, investors and analysts.

The Company may request a trading halt from ASX to prevent trading in its securities if the market appears to be uninformed. The Executive Directors are authorised to determine whether to seek a trading halt.

1 October 2010

ADDITIONAL ASX INFORMATION

as at 1 October 2010

DISTRIBUTION OF LISTED ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHARES

| Spread | of | Holdings | Number of Holders | Number of Units | % of Total Issue Capital |
|---------|----|----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | - | 1,000 | 12 | 8,251 | 0.03 |
| 1,001 | - | 5,000 | 63 | 188,548 | 0.66 |
| 5,001 | - | 10,000 | 75 | 708,325 | 2.49 |
| 10,001 | - | 100,000 | 132 | 3,591,120 | 12.64 |
| 100,001 | - | and over | 26 | 23,908,635 | 84.17 |
| Total | | | 308 | 28,404,879 | 100% |

Unmarketable Parcels

| Spread | of | Holdings | Number of Holders | Number of Units | % of Total Issue Capital |
|--------|----|----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | - | 3,846 | 59 | 120,499 | 0.42 |
| 3,847 | - | over | 249 | 28,284,380 | 99.58 |
| Total | | | 308 | 28,404,879 | 100% |

An unmarketable parcel is considered, for the purposes of the above table, to be a shareholding of 3,846 shares or less, being a value of \$500 or less in total, based upon the Company's closing last bid share price on 1 October 2010 of 13.0 cents per share.

DISTRIBUTION OF UNLISTED PARTLY PAID ORDINARY SHARES

| Name | No. of Partly Paid Shares |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Chi Tung Investments Ltd | 20,000,000 |

These 20,000,000 ordinary shares were issued at a price of 20 cents per share and have been partly paid to 1.5225 cents each and have an outstanding amount payable of 18.4775 cents per share.

VOTING RIGHTS

Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares (at present there are none), at meetings of shareholders of the Company:

- each shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy, attorney or representative; (1)
- (2) on a show of hands, every person present who is a shareholder or a proxy, attorney or corporate representative of a shareholder has one vote;
- on a poll, every person present who is a shareholder or a proxy, attorney or corporate representative of a shareholder (3)shall, in respect of each fully paid share held by such person, or in respect of which such person is appointed a proxy, attorney or corporate representative, have one vote for that share;
- The Company's partly paid shares have a proportional voting entitlement in accordance with the amount paid up for (4) that share.

ADDITIONAL ASX INFORMATION

as at 1 October 2010

TOP 20 ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHAREHOLDERS

| Rank | | Shareholder | Shares Held | Total Shares | % Issued Capital |
|-------|---|--|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 1 | * | BELL IXL INVESTMENTS LIMITED | 3,576,159 | | |
| | | CELLANTE SECURITIES | 2,053,282 | | |
| | | CLEOD PTY LTD <cellante a="" c="" fund="" super=""></cellante> | 867,644 | | |
| | | | Sub-total | 6,497,085 | 22.873 |
| 2 | * | ISLAND AUSTRALIA PTY LTD | 3,668,577 | | |
| | | FAROOQ KHAN | 2,399,484 | | |
| | | FAROOQ KHAN | 21,883 | | |
| | | SKIN-PLEX LABORATORIES PTY LTD | 20,000 | | |
| | | THE ESSENTIAL EARTH PTY LTD | 20,000 | (120 044 | 24 504 |
| | | | Sub-total | 6,129,944 | 21.581 |
| 3 | * | RENMUIR HOLDINGS LTD | 2,763,500 | | |
| | | CHI TUNG INVESTMENTS LTD | 1,050,000 | | |
| | | RENMUIR HOLDINGS LTD MR AZHAR CHAUDHRI | 514,280 10,000 | | |
| | | WIN AZITAN CHAODHNI | Sub-total | 4,337,780 | 15.271 |
| 4 | * | MANAD NOMINIFIC DTV LTD | | 4,557,760 | 13.271 |
| 4 | | MANAR NOMINEES PTY LTD MANAR NOMINEES PTY LTD <zelwer a="" benefit="" c="" fund="" sup=""></zelwer> | 1,725,663 180,500 | | |
| | | MANAR NOMINEEST IT ETD-ZEEWER 301 BENEFIT TOND A/G/ | Sub-total | 1,906,163 | 6.711 |
| 5 | | MR ANDREW GRAEME MOFFAT & MRS ELIZABETH ANN MOFFAT <cowoso a="" c="" fund="" super=""></cowoso> | | 1,150,000 | 4.049 |
| 6 | | MR DONALD GORDON MACKENZIE & MRS GWENNETH EDNA MACKENZIE | | 849,360 | 2.990 |
| 7 | | STRIKE RESOURCES LIMITED | | 826,950 | 2.911 |
| 8 | | MRS AMBREEN CHAUDHRI | | 386,500 | 1.361 |
| 9 | | MS ROSANNA DE CAMPO | | 268,100 | 0.944 |
| 10 | | MR AYUB KHAN | | 215,000 | 0.757 |
| 11 | | MRS AFIA KHAN | | 215,000 | 0.757 |
| 12 | | TOMATO 2 PTY LTD | | 185,019 | 0.651 |
| 13 | | GIBSON KILLER PTY LTD | | 155,000 | 0.546 |
| 14 | | SAMDY NOMINEES PTY LTD | | 150,000 | 0.528 |
| 15 | | MR JOHN CHENG-HSIANG YANG & MS PEGA PING PING MOK | | 136,125 | 0.479 |
| 16 | | MR ANTHONY NEALE KILLER & MRS SANDRA MARIE KILLER <the a="" c="" killer="" super=""></the> | | 130,000 | 0.458 |
| 17 | | MR SIMON KENNETH CATO <s a="" c="" cato="" fund="" k="" super=""></s> | | 118,000 | 0.415 |
| 18 | | MR GREGORY JOHN MATHESON | | 110,742 | 0.390 |
| 19 | | MR EUGENE RODRIGUEZ | | 110,000 | 0.387 |
| 20 | | NICHOLAS PASTERNATSKY | - | 103,750 | 0.365 |
| Total | | | _ | 23,980,518 | 84.424 |

A substantial shareholder of the Company

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 $\textbf{E} \hspace{0.1cm} \mid \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{admin@advancedshare.com.au}$

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